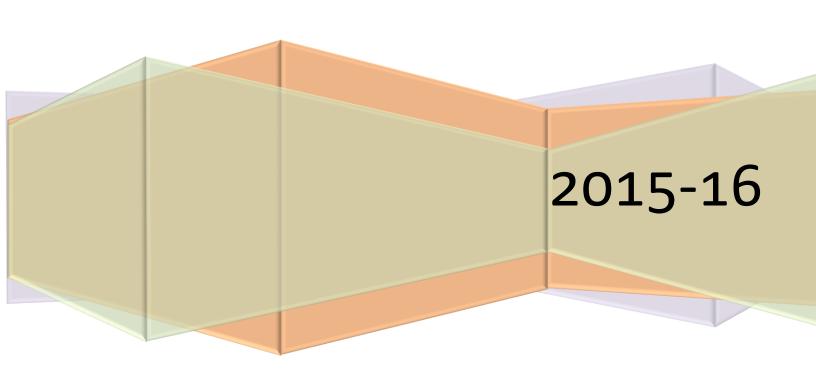
# **Budget Performance and Outlook:**

**Quarter Ending 31 December 2015** 



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# 1. Overview

- 1.1. The Budget Performance and Outlook Report is a quarterly review of the Budget. The aim of the Budget Performance and Outlook Report is to enable the Cabinet, the Legislature and the public to understand and scrutinise how public funds are being spent, increasing transparency and accountability.
- 1.2. The Report provides commentary on the Budget (Recurrent and Capital as well as Debt Servicing) and an Outlook for the upcoming period along with on notes the key Policies and Programmes to be instituted.
- 1.3. The total original Approved Budget for the fiscal year 2015-16 was \$171,660,100 (Recurrent \$128,238,300; Capital \$43,421,800). The total revenue intake for the quarter was \$66.6 million (Recurrent \$57.1 million; Capital \$9.5 million). The local component of revenue stood at \$11.4 million while budgetary aid was \$45.7 million. Expenditure for the quarter stood at \$37.0 million (Recurrent \$30.1 million; Capital \$6.9 million).
- 1.4. Total debt at the end of the period stands at just under \$9.0 million. The total cash balance for the Consolidated Fund and the Development Fund was \$55.9 million (at 31 December 2015).
- 1.5. Economic outlook indicates that growth will be at an even slower pace than originally forecasted. Over the course of the first half of 2015-16 the performance of the Montserrat economy has weakened and has failed to match expectations at the beginning of the year.
- 1.6. Domestic revenues for the quarter were flat in comparison to previous years. This phenomenon was observed across most tax revenues while non-tax revenues with exception in International Trade, Licences and Arrears of Taxes.
- 1.7. Expenditure for the quarter was around the same levels as the 2 previous years. However, it has lagged against ministry projections.
- 1.8. Forecasts for most local revenue streams are expected to vary only a little at year end compared to forecasts at the beginning of the year. This will result in GOM collecting approximately \$45.5 million in local revenue in 2015-16 compared to a forecast of \$48.6 million.

# 2. Budget Commentary

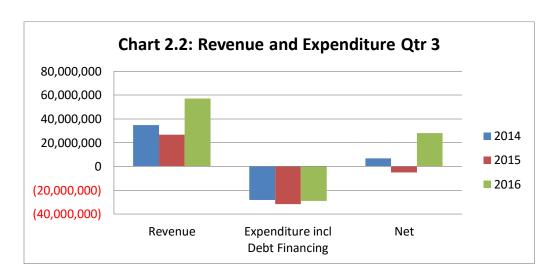
# Statement of Recurrent Revenue and Expenditure

- 2.1. The Statement of Recurrent Revenue and Expenditure sets out the scale and nature of the flows to and from the government. It shows that, in quarter 3 of the fiscal year 2015-16 the government:
  - received \$57.1 million (restated 2014-15: \$26.7 million) in taxation, budgetary aid and other operating revenue, including local revenues of \$11.4 million and aid of \$45.66 million;
  - spent \$29.0 million (restated 2014-15: \$31.7 million), including \$10.6 million employing staff and \$15.2 million on goods and services; and
  - debt increased by \$1.5 million from \$7.5 million to \$9.0 million with GOM making additional drawings on the CDB loan for the Second Power Project.

Taxes on Income, Profits Salaries **Domestic Revenue Expenditure** Taxes on Property ■ Salaries and Wages Increase **-5.2**% **4.9%** Taxes on Domestic Goods ■Wages **■** 0.0% **■** -0.5% and Services **2.1%** Licenses Allowances **4.5%** Pensions and Gratuities Taxes on International 10.9 Trade 29.5% Use of Goods and Services Arrears of Taxes **5.6%** -31.0% Transfers and Subsidies Fees, Fines and Permits 0.3% -25.6% Rents, Interest and ■ Social Benefits 47.4% -0.5% 0.0% **ECCB Profits** Revenue refunds -1.1% **1.4%** -20.6% -0.8% Other Expenditure Reimbursements 3.4% -3.7% Debt servicing Other Revenue 0.8%

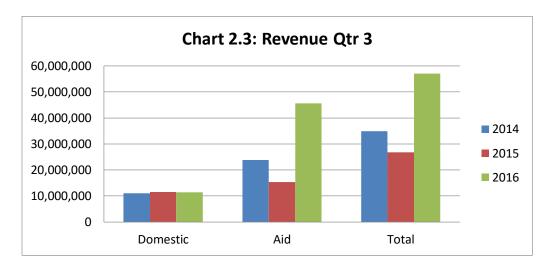
Chart 2.1: Summary of revenue and expenditure

- 2.2. Recurrent budget performance in the quarter reflected:
  - increased tax receipts from taxes on income and profits;
  - higher staff costs (with increments being paid retroactively to 1 April 2015);
  - · decreased spending on pensions and gratuities;
  - decreased spending on goods and services, (as well as revenue refunds and other fees);
  - increased debt levels

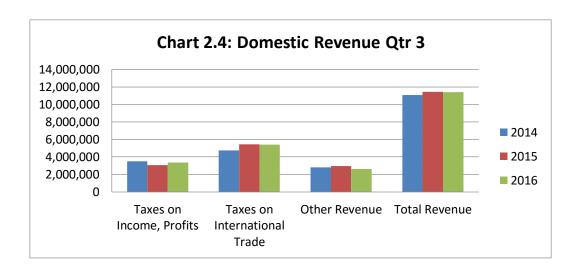


2.3. Chart 2.2 reflects the new mode for aid settlement where aid for the final two quarters is released in quarter 3. On the other hand, spending activity remained flat with a slight decline on the same period in the previous fiscal year.

# Revenue



2.4. Chart 2.3 shows domestic revenue staying fairly flat across the quarter 3 triennium. Variations in the mode and timing of UK Aid delivery this year make comparisons challenging. Direct taxation is the main method of collecting taxes on Montserrat for funding public services and the delivery of other Government objectives.



2.5. The triennial comparison of quarter 3 shows domestic revenues this year remained flat. Notably Taxes on International Trade remained flat with other revenues declining. Domestic revenues for the quarter amounted to just over \$11.4 million, accounting for 20% of total recurrent revenues during the quarter. This was about the anticipated amount for the quarter.

Table 2.1: Recurrent revenue Qtr. 3

Revenue Stream	Projections	Actuals	% Actuals/ Projections
Taxes on Income, Profits	3,841,000	3,368,972	88%
Taxes on Property	235,000	561,615	239%
Taxes on Domestic Goods and Services	274,100	243,285	89%
Licenses	821,660	513,809	63%
Taxes on International Trade	5,046,900	5,410,279	107%
Arrears of Taxes	255,000	93,430	37%
Fees, Fines and Permits	382,264	384,661	101%
Rents, Interest and Dividends	118,477	162,105	137%
Reimbursements	21,800	32,786	150%
Budgetary Assistance	25,600,641	45,662,378	178%
Other Revenue	684,387	634,687	93%
Total	37,281,229	57,068,007	153%

#### Main Revenue Streams

2.6. Table 2.2 below shows the main revenue streams. Not every revenue stream has performed exactly as expected. Taken together, the variances fall within acceptable margins.

Table 2.2: Recurrent revenue Qtr. 3

Company Tax         3,218,400         2,353,770         73%         605,000         164,875         27%           Income Tax (Personal)         12,057,600         8,550,236         71%         3,000,000         2,822,842         94%           Withholding Tax         800,000         651,406         81%         236,000         381,254         162%           Property Tax         910,000         602,043         66%         235,000         561,615         239%           Hotel/Residential Occupancy Tax         45,000         31,946         71%         10,200         10,156         100%           Bank Interest Levy         940,000         164,877         79%         80,100         56,492         71%           Insurance Company Levy         210,000         164,877         79%         80,100         56,492         71%           Stamp Duty         420,000         256,865         61%         99,000         92,242         93%           Embarkation Tax         389,600         283,945         73%         84,800         82,695         98%           Landholding Licence         306,000         21,1270         96%           Motor Vehicle Licenses         1,150,000         819,045         71%         249,000	Revenue Stream	Estimates	Actuals	% Actuals/	Projections	Actuals	% Actuals/
Income Tax (Personal)   12,057,600   8,550,236   71%   3,000,000   2,822,842   94%   Withholding Tax   800,000   651,406   81%   236,000   381,254   162%   Property Tax   910,000   602,043   66%   235,000   561,615   239%   Hotel/Residential Occupancy Tax   940,000   31,946   71%   10,200   10,156   100%   Bank Interest Levy   940,000   - 0%       Insurance Company Levy   210,000   164,877   79%   80,100   56,492   71%   Stamp Duty   420,000   256,865   61%   99,000   92,242   93%   Embarkation Tax   389,600   283,945   73%   84,800   82,695   98%   Landholding Licence   300,000   141,221   47%   60,000   82,407   137%   79%	Company Tax	3.218.400	2.353.770		605.000	164.875	-
Withholding Tax         800,000         651,406         81%         236,000         381,254         162%           Property Tax         910,000         602,043         66%         235,000         561,615         239%           Hotel/Residential Occupancy Tax         45,000         31,946         71%         10,200         10,156         100%           Bank Interest Levy         940,000         -         0%         -         -         -         -           Insurance Company Levy         210,000         164,877         79%         80,100         56,492         71%           Stamp Duty         420,000         256,865         61%         99,000         92,242         93%           Embarkation Tax         389,600         283,945         73%         84,800         82,695         98%           Landholding Licence         300,000         141,221         47%         60,000         82,407         137%           Driver's Licenses         364,600         271,680         75%         117,000         112,700         96%           Motor Vehicle Licenses         1,150,000         819,045         71%         249,000         202,293         81%           Import Duties         6,050,000         4,		· · ·	· · ·				
Property Tax         910,000         602,043         66%         235,000         561,615         239%           Hotel/Residential Occupancy Tax         45,000         31,946         71%         10,200         10,156         100%           Bank Interest Levy         940,000         -         0%         -         -         -         -           Insurance Company Levy         210,000         164,877         79%         80,100         56,492         71%           Stamp Duty         420,000         256,865         61%         99,000         92,242         93%           Embarkation Tax         389,600         283,945         73%         84,800         92,695         98%           Landholding Licence         300,000         141,221         47%         60,000         82,407         137%           Driver's Licenses         364,600         271,680         75%         117,000         12,700         96%           Motor Vehicle Licenses         1,150,000         819,045         71%         249,000         202,293         81%           Import Duties         6,050,000         4,743,350         78%         1,750,000         34,743         10           Consumption Tax         11,326,300 <th< th=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>81%</td><td>236,000</td><td></td><td>162%</td></th<>				81%	236,000		162%
Bank Interest Levy         940,000         -         0%         -         -         -           Insurance Company Levy         210,000         164,877         79%         80,100         56,492         71%           Stamp Duty         420,000         256,865         61%         99,000         92,242         93%           Embarkation Tax         389,600         283,945         73%         84,800         82,695         98%           Landholding Licence         300,000         141,221         47%         60,000         82,407         137%           Driver's Licenses         364,600         271,680         75%         117,000         112,700         96%           Motor Vehicle Licenses         1,150,000         819,045         71%         249,000         202,293         81%           Telecom. Licenses         2,140,500         442,018         21%         360,000         84,779         24%           Import Duties         6,050,000         4,743,350         78%         1,750,000         1,894,636         108%           Consumption Tax         11,326,300         8439,621         75%         3,040,300         3,180,308         105%           Company Tax (Arrears)         90,000         20,882 <td>Property Tax</td> <td>910,000</td> <td>602,043</td> <td>66%</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td>	Property Tax	910,000	602,043	66%		•	
Insurance Company Levy         210,000         164,877         79%         80,100         56,492         71%           Stamp Duty         420,000         256,865         61%         99,000         92,242         93%           Embarkation Tax         389,600         283,945         73%         84,800         82,695         98%           Landholding Licence         300,000         141,221         47%         60,000         82,407         137%           Driver's Licenses         364,600         271,680         75%         117,000         112,700         96%           Motor Vehicle Licenses         1,150,000         819,045         71%         249,000         202,293         81%           Telecom. Licenses         2,140,500         442,018         21%         360,000         84,779         24%           Import Duties         6,050,000         4,743,350         78%         1,750,000         1,894,636         108%           Consumption Tax         11,326,300         8,439,621         75%         3,040,300         3,180,308         105%           Customs Processing Fee         910,000         824,625         91%         216,600         300,450         139%           Company Tax (Arrears)         90,000	Hotel/Residential Occupancy Tax	45,000	31,946	71%	10,200	10,156	100%
Stamp Duty         420,000         256,865         61%         99,000         92,242         93%           Embarkation Tax         389,600         283,945         73%         84,800         82,695         98%           Landholding Licence         300,000         141,221         47%         60,000         82,407         137%           Driver's Licenses         364,600         271,680         75%         117,000         112,700         96%           Motor Vehicle Licenses         1,150,000         819,045         71%         249,000         202,293         81%           Telecom. Licenses         2,140,500         442,018         21%         360,000         84,779         24%           Import Duties         6,050,000         4,743,350         78%         1,750,000         1,894,636         108%           Consumption Tax         11,326,300         8,439,621         75%         3,040,300         3,180,308         105%           Customs Processing Fee         910,000         824,625         91%         216,600         300,450         138           Company Tax (Arrears)         90,000         20,882         23%         30,000         40,000         13           Property Tax (Arrears)         280,000 <td>Bank Interest Levy</td> <td>940,000</td> <td>-</td> <td>0%</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	Bank Interest Levy	940,000	-	0%	-	-	-
Embarkation Tax         389,600         283,945         73%         84,800         82,695         98%           Landholding Licence         300,000         141,221         47%         60,000         82,407         137%           Driver's Licenses         364,600         271,680         75%         117,000         112,700         96%           Motor Vehicle Licenses         1,150,000         819,045         71%         249,000         202,293         81%           Telecom. Licenses         2,140,500         442,018         21%         360,000         84,779         24%           Import Duties         6,050,000         4,743,350         78%         1,750,000         1,894,636         108%           Consumption Tax         11,326,300         8,439,621         75%         3,040,300         3,180,308         105%           Customs Processing Fee         910,000         824,625         91%         216,600         300,450         139%           Company Tax (Arrears)         90,000         20,882         23%         30,000         4,000         13%           Income Tax (Arrears)         600,000         305,787         51%         225,000         48,640         22%           Property Tax (Arrears) <t< th=""><td>Insurance Company Levy</td><td>210,000</td><td>164,877</td><td>79%</td><td>80,100</td><td>56,492</td><td>71%</td></t<>	Insurance Company Levy	210,000	164,877	79%	80,100	56,492	71%
Landholding Licence         300,000         141,221         47%         60,000         82,407         137%           Driver's Licenses         364,600         271,680         75%         117,000         112,700         96%           Motor Vehicle Licenses         1,150,000         819,045         71%         249,000         202,293         81%           Telecom. Licenses         2,140,500         442,018         21%         360,000         8,4779         24%           Import Duties         6,050,000         4,743,350         78%         1,750,000         1,894,636         108%           Consumption Tax         11,326,300         8,439,621         75%         3,040,300         3,180,308         105%           Customs Processing Fee         910,000         824,625         91%         216,600         300,450         139%           Company Tax (Arrears)         90,000         20,882         23%         30,000         4,000         13%           Income Tax (Arrears)         600,000         305,787         51%         225,000         48,640         22%           Property Tax (Arrears)         280,000         141,757         51%         -         40,791         -           Consular Fees         218,200	Stamp Duty	420,000	256,865	61%	99,000	92,242	93%
Driver's Licenses         364,600         271,680         75%         117,000         112,700         96%           Motor Vehicle Licenses         1,150,000         819,045         71%         249,000         202,293         81%           Telecom. Licenses         2,140,500         442,018         21%         360,000         84,779         24%           Import Duties         6,050,000         4,743,350         78%         1,750,000         1,894,636         108%           Consumption Tax         11,326,300         8,439,621         75%         3,040,300         3,180,308         105%           Customs Processing Fee         910,000         824,625         91%         216,600         300,450         139%           Company Tax (Arrears)         90,000         20,882         23%         30,000         4,000         13%           Income Tax (Arrears)         600,000         305,787         51%         225,000         48,640         22%           Property Tax (Arrears)         280,000         141,757         51%         -         40,791         -           Consular Fees         218,200         173,670         80%         54,600         39,160         72%           Royalties - Quarries         200,000	Embarkation Tax	389,600	283,945	73%	84,800	82,695	98%
Motor Vehicle Licenses         1,150,000         819,045         71%         249,000         202,293         81%           Telecom. Licenses         2,140,500         442,018         21%         360,000         84,779         24%           Import Duties         6,050,000         4,743,350         78%         1,750,000         1,894,636         108%           Consumption Tax         11,326,300         8,439,621         75%         3,040,300         3,180,308         105%           Customs Processing Fee         910,000         824,625         91%         216,600         300,450         139%           Company Tax (Arrears)         90,000         20,882         23%         30,000         4,000         13%           Income Tax (Arrears)         600,000         305,787         51%         225,000         48,640         22%           Property Tax (Arrears)         280,000         141,757         51%         -         40,791         -           Consular Fees         218,200         173,670         80%         54,600         39,160         72%           Royalties - Quarries         200,000         448,065         224%         50,000         109,950         220%           Port Authority Principle #1 SFR-ORM	Landholding Licence	300,000	141,221	47%	60,000	82,407	137%
Telecom. Licenses         2,140,500         442,018         21%         360,000         84,779         24%           Import Duties         6,050,000         4,743,350         78%         1,750,000         1,894,636         108%           Consumption Tax         11,326,300         8,439,621         75%         3,040,300         3,180,308         105%           Customs Processing Fee         910,000         824,625         91%         216,600         300,450         139%           Company Tax (Arrears)         90,000         20,882         23%         30,000         4,000         13%           Income Tax (Arrears)         600,000         305,787         51%         225,000         48,640         22%           Property Tax (Arrears)         280,000         141,757         51%         -         40,791         -           Consular Fees         218,200         173,670         80%         54,600         39,160         72%           Royalties - Quarries         200,000         448,065         224%         50,000         109,950         220%           Port Authority Principle #1 SFR-ORM         385,000         312,256         81%         96,250         216,277         225%           Hospital Receipts	Driver's Licenses	364,600	271,680	75%	117,000	112,700	96%
Import Duties         6,050,000         4,743,350         78%         1,750,000         1,894,636         108%           Consumption Tax         11,326,300         8,439,621         75%         3,040,300         3,180,308         105%           Customs Processing Fee         910,000         824,625         91%         216,600         300,450         139%           Company Tax (Arrears)         90,000         20,882         23%         30,000         4,000         13%           Income Tax (Arrears)         600,000         305,787         51%         225,000         48,640         22%           Property Tax (Arrears)         280,000         141,757         51%         -         40,791         -           Consular Fees         218,200         173,670         80%         54,600         39,160         72%           Royalties - Quarries         200,000         448,065         224%         50,000         109,950         220%           Port Authority Principle #1 SFR-ORM         385,000         312,256         81%         96,250         216,277         225%           Hospital Receipts         375,000         313,199         84%         93,750         93,536         100%           Plant & Workshop <t< th=""><td>Motor Vehicle Licenses</td><td>1,150,000</td><td>819,045</td><td>71%</td><td>249,000</td><td>202,293</td><td>81%</td></t<>	Motor Vehicle Licenses	1,150,000	819,045	71%	249,000	202,293	81%
Consumption Tax         11,326,300         8,439,621         75%         3,040,300         3,180,308         105%           Customs Processing Fee         910,000         824,625         91%         216,600         300,450         139%           Company Tax (Arrears)         90,000         20,882         23%         30,000         4,000         13%           Income Tax (Arrears)         600,000         305,787         51%         225,000         48,640         22%           Property Tax (Arrears)         280,000         141,757         51%         -         40,791         -           Consular Fees         218,200         173,670         80%         54,600         39,160         72%           Royalties - Quarries         200,000         448,065         224%         50,000         109,950         220%           Port Authority Principle #1 SFR-ORM         385,000         312,256         81%         96,250         216,277         225%           Hospital Receipts         375,000         313,199         84%         93,750         93,536         100%           Plant & Workshop         900,000         114,296         13%         225,000         22,462         10%	Telecom. Licenses	2,140,500	442,018	21%	360,000	84,779	24%
Customs Processing Fee         910,000         824,625         91%         216,600         300,450         1398           Company Tax (Arrears)         90,000         20,882         23%         30,000         4,000         13%           Income Tax (Arrears)         600,000         305,787         51%         225,000         48,640         22%           Property Tax (Arrears)         280,000         141,757         51%         -         40,791         -           Consular Fees         218,200         173,670         80%         54,600         39,160         72%           Royalties - Quarries         200,000         448,065         224%         50,000         109,950         220%           Port Authority Principle #1 SFR-ORM         385,000         312,256         81%         96,250         216,277         225%           Hospital Receipts         375,000         313,199         84%         93,750         93,536         100%           Plant & Workshop         900,000         114,296         13%         225,000         22,462         10%	Import Duties	6,050,000	4,743,350	78%	1,750,000	1,894,636	108%
Company Tax (Arrears)         90,000         20,882         23%         30,000         4,000         13%           Income Tax (Arrears)         600,000         305,787         51%         225,000         48,640         22%           Property Tax (Arrears)         280,000         141,757         51%         -         40,791         -           Consular Fees         218,200         173,670         80%         54,600         39,160         72%           Royalties - Quarries         200,000         448,065         224%         50,000         109,950         220%           Port Authority Principle #1 SFR-ORM         385,000         312,256         81%         96,250         216,277         225%           Hospital Receipts         375,000         313,199         84%         93,750         93,536         100%           Plant & Workshop         900,000         114,296         13%         225,000         22,462         10%	Consumption Tax	11,326,300	8,439,621	75%	3,040,300	3,180,308	105%
Income Tax (Arrears)         600,000         305,787         51%         225,000         48,640         22%           Property Tax (Arrears)         280,000         141,757         51%         -         40,791         -           Consular Fees         218,200         173,670         80%         54,600         39,160         72%           Royalties - Quarries         200,000         448,065         224%         50,000         109,950         220%           Port Authority Principle #1 SFR-ORM         385,000         312,256         81%         96,250         216,277         225%           Hospital Receipts         375,000         313,199         84%         93,750         93,536         100%           Plant & Workshop         900,000         114,296         13%         225,000         22,462         10%	Customs Processing Fee	910,000	824,625	91%	216,600	300,450	139%
Property Tax (Arrears)         280,000         141,757         51%         -         40,791         -           Consular Fees         218,200         173,670         80%         54,600         39,160         72%           Royalties - Quarries         200,000         448,065         224%         50,000         109,950         220%           Port Authority Principle #1 SFR-ORM         385,000         312,256         81%         96,250         216,277         225%           Hospital Receipts         375,000         313,199         84%         93,750         93,536         100%           Plant & Workshop         900,000         114,296         13%         225,000         22,462         10%	Company Tax (Arrears)	90,000	20,882	23%	30,000	4,000	13%
Consular Fees         218,200         173,670         80%         54,600         39,160         72%           Royalties - Quarries         200,000         448,065         224%         50,000         109,950         220%           Port Authority Principle #1 SFR-ORM         385,000         312,256         81%         96,250         216,277         225%           Hospital Receipts         375,000         313,199         84%         93,750         93,536         100%           Plant & Workshop         900,000         114,296         13%         225,000         22,462         10%	Income Tax (Arrears)	600,000	305,787	51%	225,000	48,640	22%
Royalties - Quarries         200,000         448,065         224%         50,000         109,950         220%           Port Authority Principle #1 SFR-ORM         385,000         312,256         81%         96,250         216,277         225%           Hospital Receipts         375,000         313,199         84%         93,750         93,536         100%           Plant & Workshop         900,000         114,296         13%         225,000         22,462         10%	Property Tax (Arrears)	280,000	141,757	51%	-	40,791	-
Port Authority Principle #1 SFR-ORM         385,000         312,256         81%         96,250         216,277         225%           Hospital Receipts         375,000         313,199         84%         93,750         93,536         100%           Plant & Workshop         900,000         114,296         13%         225,000         22,462         10%	Consular Fees	218,200	173,670	80%	54,600	39,160	72%
Hospital Receipts         375,000         313,199         84%         93,750         93,536         100%           Plant & Workshop         900,000         114,296         13%         225,000         22,462         10%	Royalties - Quarries	200,000	448,065	224%	50,000	109,950	220%
Plant & Workshop         900,000         114,296         13%         225,000         22,462         10%	Port Authority Principle #1 SFR-ORM	385,000	312,256	81%	96,250	216,277	225%
	Hospital Receipts	375,000	313,199	84%	93,750	93,536	100%
Total 44,280,200 30,406,561 69% 10,917,600 10,604,560 97%	Plant & Workshop	900,000	114,296	13%	225,000	22,462	10%
	Total	44,280,200	30,406,561	69%	10,917,600	10,604,560	97%

Only those revenue streams with collection of over \$200k.

- 2.7. In terms of areas where revenue is significantly under-performing: company tax 27%; telecommunication licenses 24%; Plant and Workshop 9%; company tax arrears 13%; and income tax arrears 22% of estimates respectively.
- 2.8. With regards to areas over-performing: withholding tax at 161%; property tax 239%; landholding licences 137%; customs processing fee 139%; and royalties on quarries 220%.
- 2.9. This remainder of this section reviews the performance of some key revenue streams.

#### Taxation revenue

### Taxes on Income, Profits

- Company Tax collections for quarter 3 was only 27% of the forecast for the period in contrast with quarter 2 in which collections were 94% against the forecast. Overall collections stand at 73% of the annual target and a being forecast to exceed the current budget figure.
- **Personal Income Tax** 94% or \$2,822,391 of the quarter 3 target (\$3 million) was collected this tax with the year to date collections standing at 71% (\$8,549,785) of the overall target of \$12,057,600. This reflects some slowing in economic activity generated from public sector investments.
- Withholding Tax collections for this tax were boosted in the quarter with by payments from a major non-resident entity. 160% (\$380,394) against projection as compared to 12% (\$93,053) in quarter 2.
   This quarter's positive performance brings collections the 81% of the year's estimate and places GOM on track to meet it.

#### **Property Tax**

• **Property Tax** - as a result of the delayed issuance of Property Tax Bills the projections for the FY were revised as follows (Q1 \$15,500, Q2 \$25,000, Q3 \$555,000 and Q4 \$314,000). In light of the revised projections, collections for Q3 were on target at 101% of the target for the quarter. However, for the year to date property tax collections is at 66%.

#### Taxes on Domestic Goods and Services

- **Bank Interest Levy** in May Government clarified the terms of the Levy and now anticipates payments will be received in the 4<sup>th</sup> quarter.
- **Embarkation Tax** Collections were at (98%) of projections for quarter 3, the year to date amount stands at 73%.
- **Stamp Duty** performance on the stream has be positive this quarter at \$92,242, 93%. Overall, collections for the year are only at 61% of the original estimate.
- **Hotel Occupancy Tax** Hotel/Residential Occupancy Tax collection for Q3 was on target showing 100% of the projections for the Target. However, with the low collections in Q2 the year to date is showing at 71%. Payments related to December residency are expected in January.
- **Insurance Company Levy** Insurance Levy collected for the quarter amounted to 71% (\$56.5) of what was projected for the 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter \$80.1k.

# Taxes on International Trade and Transactions

- **Import Duties** Collections were slightly ahead of projections coming in at 108%. The year to date figure is at a 78% which is in line with forecasts.
- Customs Processing Fee The amounts collected under this account reflected a 139% of projections for the quarter. Well ahead above our forecasts, this was due to the increased amount imports that were exempted from import Duty and Consumption Tax (which activates the processing fee). This is due in part to the increasing frequency of concessions granted on some imports. Collections to date at the end of the quarter reflects 91% of the target for the FY.
- Consumption Tax Collections in consumption Tax is in line with projections for the quarter and for the year to date.

# Arrears of Taxes

2.10. A target of \$0.97 million was set for the collection of taxes in arrears for the fiscal year. This amount was spread over in Income Tax \$600k, Company Tax \$90k and Property Tax \$280k.

- Company Tax Arrears Company tax arrears collected accounted for just 13% of the projected target for Q3. The MCRS priority has been on ensuring the collections of current taxes. Reduced economic activity has meant that most entities find it difficult to honour their commitment to reduce their arrears.
- Income Tax Arrears The amount collected for Income Tax Arrears represents 22% (\$48,640) of the target, a troubling decline in this quarter. For this quarter a number of the written agreements with taxpayers who are in arrears have not been honoured. This too is due in part to reduced economic activity most self-employed persons find it difficult to honour their commitment to reduce their arrears commitments. The Year to date collection currently reflects half of the target for the FY.
- Property Tax Arrears Property Tax arrears collected accounted for 54.31% of the projections for Q3.
   Collections for the year so far is also very much behind target as it is currently at only 50% of the Target for the FY. Unusually, no projection was recorded for property tax arrears for Q3 as shown in table 2.3.

Table 2.3 Arrears of Taxes

Classification	Budget Estimates	34Y	Q3 Projections	Q3 Actuals	% Actuals/ Projections
Company Tax	90,000	67,500	30,000	4,000	13%
Income Tax	600,000	450,000	225,000	48,640	22%
Property Tax	280,000	210,000	-	41,001	-
Totals	970,000	727,500	255,000	93,641	37%

#### Non-tax revenue

Table 2.4 Non-tax revenue Qtr. 3

Revenue Stream	Projections	Actuals	% Actuals/ Projections
Licenses	821,660	513,809	63%
Fees, Fines and Permits	382,264	384,661	101%
Rents, Interest and Dividends	118,477	162,105	137%
Reimbursements	21,800	32,786	150%
Budgetary Assistance	25,600,641	45,662,378	178%
Other Revenue	684,387	634,687	93%
Total	27,629,229	47,390,426	172%

2.11. Local non-tax revenue streams performed quite well producing 172% of their target for the quarter. This is mainly due to DFID's transition to three annual aid settlements rather than the customary 4. This means that DFID has already transmitted aid for both quarter 3 and quarter 4. Locally, Royalties from Sanding continues to be a boon in the Rents, Interest and Dividends subcategory.

#### Licenses

- Landholding Licence This stream realised \$82,407 for quarter 3 (137% of the target). The appointment of the Acting Registrar of Lands has allowed for the processing of a number of backlogged applications, leading to this positive performance.
- **Driver's Licenses** collections for the quarter reached \$112,000 or 96% of projections. Overall for the year collections stand at \$271,680 or 75%, on track to meet the year's target.
- Motor Vehicle Licenses collections have again been below expectations this quarter (\$202,293, 81%) or year to date (\$819,045, 71%). The overall target should still be largely achieved.
- **Telecommunication Licence** receipts have sharply and are now lagging with \$84,799 collected in quarter 3 representing 24% of the target for the quarter. The intake now stands at 21% (\$442,018) for the year against the original budget, 52% of the revised target of \$847,200.

#### Fees, Fines and Permits

- Consular Fees are the fees charged for the processing of Consular applications which include BOTC
  Passports, Naturalisation and Registration as BOTC, Permanent Residence, Economic Residence,
  Belonger Status and Special Marriage Licenses.
- Custom Officers Fees higher than expected levels in mining export from Plymouth continue to boost the amounts collected for "After Hours" operations, 148% (\$55,400) of projections (\$37,500). Calm seas throughout the period allowed for uninterrupted loading operations this quarter. The total collected year to date is showing \$174,890 or 117% against the estimates.

# Rents, Interest and Dividends

- 2.12. **Rents, Interests and Dividends** included a significant collection of arrears for Royalties from Mining and Quarrying.
- Royalties for Mining Export this revenue stream continues to hold steady at the higher than projected amounts as was reported in Q1 and Q2. For Q3 the amounts collected were 220% (\$109,950) of what was projected (\$50,000). The total amounts collected year to date is showing at 224% (\$448,065) of the total target (\$200,000) for the FY. Also quite positively seasonal rough seas did not occur, so there were no major disruptions to the export of mining products.

#### Reimbursements

2.13. At the end of quarter 3 overall collections stand at \$1,040,800 or 103% of its original target of \$985,000. In quarter 3 this revenue stream drew in \$32,786, 150% against the forecast of \$21,800. This came mainly from repayments to the medical referrals scheme.

#### Other Revenue

- Port Authority Principle #1 SFR-ORM Receipts total \$216,277 for the quarter or 56% of the annual target. This stream represents a pass through payment in which the Montserrat Port Authority compensates government for servicing its loan with the Caribbean Development Bank for Port Plymouth. The port normally pays in 3 instalments yearly.
- **Plant & Workshop** is an area where revenue is likely to fall significantly short of targets set at the beginning of the year. This is because of lower economic activity, especially in the construction sector.
- Hospital Receipts This stream is performing well with the quarter's collections standing at \$92,976,
   99% of the annual target. Overall, GOM has collected \$312,639 or 83% of the annual target.

#### Montserrat Customs and Revenue Service

- 2.14. The MCRS has collected \$27,731,260 for the year which is 74% of the \$37,240,500 that was projected for the financial year 2015/16.
- 2.15. MCRS's confidence in the amounts projected for collection as Taxes on International Trade has waned and it is advising that these may not be met for the following reasons:
- The original forecast anticipated that the Christmas Barrel programme would run from November to the end of December or early January at the latest. The programme has effective dates 26 October 2015 to the 31 January 2016. This is likely to impact the importation of dutiable goods since many persons sought to benefit from the barrel programme. On the programme an imported barrel attracts a \$30 fee where on an average the goods would have attracted duties of about \$600. More specifically, with persons importing their goods which consist mainly of foodstuff, merchants in turn import fewer goods and correspondingly less import Taxes would be collected.

- Fewer than usual capital projects in either the public sector or private sector suggest that there will be lower levels of importation of building materials. As a result, it is anticipated that the import taxes derived from these products will to be lower than for the previous three quarters.
- Assuming that the granting concessions is continued or increased and proposed cuts to the amounts levied as Royalties for mining exports is followed through, it is anticipated that revenues from Customs Officers Fees and Royalties will be drastically reduced.
- 2.16. Taking into consideration the above concerns, the MCRS anticipates that the total revenues to be reduced by some 3%. Forecasts for quarter 4 now suggests that collections should fall to between 87.5% to 92.5%, of the original projections. Overall, this represents an expected shortfall of just under \$1 million.

# **Budgetary Assistance**

2.17. The table below shows how Budgetary Assistance revenues have contributed to the GOM's spending and the projected contributions over the last half of the year.

Table 2.5 Breakdown of Budget Aid

SPENT/PROJECTED	Approved	Q1	Q2	Q3P	Q4P	Total	Var
General Budget Support	59,924,400	19,516,442	4,943,093	21,705,693	14,088,368	60,253,596	-329,196
Transport Access Subsidy	6,125,600	1,303,543	1,212,446	1,192,368	1,423,582	5,131,939	993,661
Capacity building (LTTC)	900,000	78,302	135,242	268,075	379,350	860,969	39,031
Capacity building (ACTS)	1,680,000	119,820	1,225,455	432,000	165,000	1,942,275	-262,275
Short Term Technical Cooperation (STTC)	2,600,000	405,009	403,526	542,965	951,827	2,303,327	296,673
Small Capital Asset Fund	1,800,000	-	257,598	592,400	950,000	1,799,998	2
Healthcare Improvement (Recurrent)	1,060,000	61,303	110,685	24,900	400,901	597,789	462,211
Healthcare Improvement (Capital)	3,090,000	349,892	80,846	627,439	824,898	1,883,075	1,206,925
Contingency Fund 1 (Child Safeguarding)	1,000,000	-	10,211	214,800	602,516	827,527	172,473
Contingency Fund 2 (Main)	1,500,000	-	53,466	-	275,295	328,761	1,171,239
	79,680,000	21,834,311	8,432,570	25,600,641	20,061,737	75,929,259	3,750,744

2.18. Table 2.6 gives a summary view of aid claimed, the amount sent by DFID and the amount GOM actually received by GOM. Overall, GOM has lost \$3.75 million due the exchange rate differences.

Table 2.6									
	Budget	Tranche 1	Tranche 2	Tranche 3	Total Transfers	Surplus/ (Shortfall)			
Claim Amount	79,680,000.00	30,936,100.00	13,123,400.00	33,329,533.00	77,389,033.00	(2,290,967.00)			
GBP Sent	19,200,000.00	7,436,580.00	3,183,591.00	8,262,769.00	18,882,940.00	(317,060.00)			
XCD Received	79,680,000.00	30,266,880.60	12,836,875.63	32,825,502.41	75,929,258.64	(3,750,741.36)			
Gain/(Loss)	-	(669,219.40)	(286,523.19)	(504,030.59)	(1,459,774.36)	(1,459,774.36)			

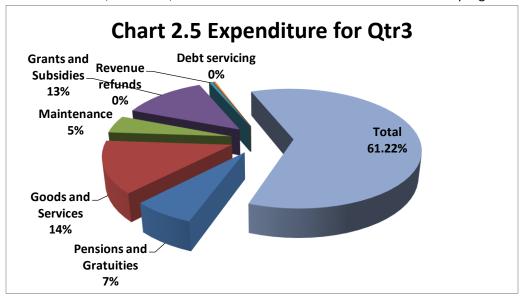
#### Capital Grants/Revenue

2.19. GOM's capital accounts operate on an accrual basis unlike the recurrent accounts allowing for the rolling forward of unexpended funds. This accounts for the disparity between capital receipts and spending. Actual capital grants claimed/received by GOM over the period amounted to \$9.5 million.

# **Expenditure**

# **Current Expenditure**

2.20. Total expenditure in the 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter was \$30.1 million, 19% below the projections for the quarter. This underspend was chiefly observed in the Use of Goods and Service as well as Other Expenditure categories. Slow spending on items approved under the Small Capital Asset Fund accounts for a substantial amount of this, as well as, Maintenance under the Infrastructure Services programme.



2.21. Table 2.7 below shows the spending against projections for the major expenditure categories.

Classification **Projections Actuals** % Actuals/ Projections **Salaries** (9,664,895) (8,993,142)93% Wages (199,539)(138,735)70% **Allowances** (1,780,948)(1,506,731)85% **Pensions and Gratuities** (3,753,990)(3,164,224)84% **Use of Goods and Services** (11,236,279) (7,711,781)69% **Transfers and Subsidies** (7,537,445)(6,821,909)91% **Social Benefits** 79% (1,352,319)(1,070,244)Revenue refunds 47% (521,000) (245,403)Other Expenditure 34% (959,919)(328,161)**Debt servicing** (162,100)(160,098)99% (37,168,435)(30,140,427)81%

Table 2.7: Expenditure Qtr. 3

- 2.22. The fixed components of expenditure are staff costs 37%, pensions and gratuities 11% and debt servicing 0.54%, which collectively accounted for 48.5% of the spending for the quarter.
- 2.23. **Salaries** to cover costs of permanent, temporary and contract personnel was forecasted to be \$9.7 million for the quarter, only \$9.0 million or 93% was spent. The variance was mainly due to unfilled vacancies during the quarter. The outturn was bolstered by the payment of increment during the quarter back dated to 1 April 2015. Some ministries and departments engaged temporary measures by engaging substitutes, who were remunerated against funding for the posts.

2.24. **Allowances** – these are provisions made for GOM's employees. Thus, unspent amounts were in part due to unfilled posts and pending approvals for persons in post. An amount of \$1.8 million was projected of which 85% (\$1.51 million) was spent.

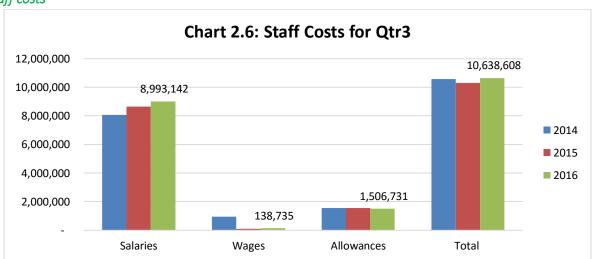
# **Key Expenditure Lines**

2.25. Table 2.8 below shows key spending lines. Not every spending line has performed exactly as expected. Taken together, the variances fall within acceptable margins.

Table 2.8: Key Recurrent Spending Qtr. 3

			1 0			
Expenditure Line	Estimates	Actuals	% Actuals/ Estimates	Projections	Actuals	% Actuals/ Projections
Salaries	37,863,600	26,251,542	69%	9,653,114	8,993,142	93%
Wages	675,200	397,701	59%	197,672	138,735	70%
Allowances	6,972,300	4,476,403	64%	1,791,271	1,506,731	84%
Pensions and Gratuities	12,951,000	8,738,637	67%	3,759,090	3,164,224	84%
Utilities	3,271,900	1,757,717	54%	1,026,016	665,086	65%
Furniture Equipment and Resources	5,627,900	1,986,233	35%	1,648,741	895,995	54%
Maintenance Services	7,340,500	4,534,704	62%	3,158,918	2,269,839	72%
Professional Services and Fees	8,765,800	5,005,029	57%	2,308,183	1,807,956	78%
Training	2,553,200	1,954,947	77%	551,691	535,684	97%
Grants & Contributions	6,968,900	4,626,360	66%	2,636,950	1,781,937	68%
Subventions	17,395,600	13,837,563	80%	4,390,321	5,039,972	115%
Social Protection	4,386,800	2,998,126	68%	1,292,000	1,042,319	81%
Revenue refunds	1,505,500	752,211	50%	521,000	245,403	47%
Debt Servicing - Domestic	3,500	2,595	74%	700	1,458	208%
Debt Servicing - Foreign	502,000	376,248	75%	125,500	125,416	100%
Debt Servicing - Interest	138,000	100,020	72%	35,900	33,223	93%
Total	116,921,700	77,796,034	67%	33,097,067	28,247,121	85%

Staff costs



2.26. Staff costs include the salaries and allowances of permanent staff, temporary staff and contractors. Staff costs are the net direct cost to the government of employing staff in the public sector for the delivery of front line services. The net cost does not include social security contributions and pension costs; these are discussed below.

2.27. An HR Audit was completed in July to establish the head count. The table below presents summary information on the **Head Count** as at 30 September 2015:

**Table 2.9: Head Count** 

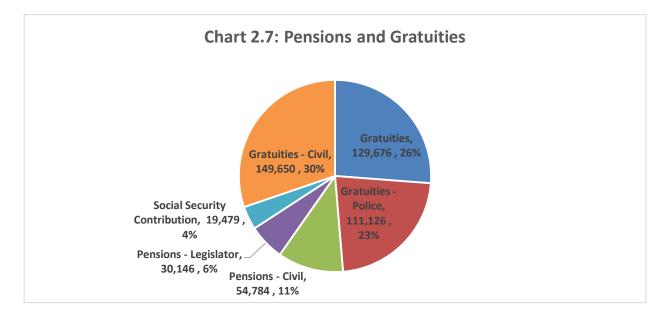
Head Count (FTE)	No of Funded Vacancies	No of Unfunded Posts	Total No of Approved Posts				
883	46	36	965				
Breakdown of Head Count							
Permanent – 692 (72	2%);	Short-term – 77 (8%);					
Fixed-term/Contract	t – 83 (8.6%);	Wages/non-established – 30 (3.1%)					

- 2.28. During this reporting period extensive work was done to clean the data sheets for the Nominal Roll and the Establishment. There some 46 vacant posts with funding. Work is in progress to reduce the number of vacant funded posts. The 90-day timeline will be used to improve the timeliness of the recruitment process. Our target is to reduce the number of vacant post by 50% by April 2016.
- 2.29. Refer to Appendix E 'Staffing Details as at September 2015' for details by department.
- 2.30. As at 31st December 2015, there are 82 vacancies. If all of the 965 posts were funded, it is estimated that the call on the budget for Personal Emoluments (P.E.) would be some \$43,590,368.

Table 2. 10: Vacancies by Departments and Impact on Budget

Count	Vacancy by Ministry/Department	If ALL were funded	Unfunded				
2	Administration of Justice	114,624	0				
1	Magistrate Court	65,232	111,456				
2	Constitution Commissions Secretariat	111,456					
5	Audit	248,496	33,504				
5	Office of Deputy Governor	251,868	145,224				
5	Office of the Premier	651,324	38,736				
13	Ministry of Finance & Economic Development	899,388	100,512				
18	Ministry of ALTHE	291,684	221,676				
6	Ministry of Communications, Works & Labour	291,684					
13	Ministry of Education	480,288	174,792				
12	Ministry of Health & Social Services	620,124	21,456				
82		4,026,168	847,356				
	Variance						

2.31. Of the 82 vacant posts, there are twenty (20) that are unfunded. These unfunded posts are planned budget savings which reduce the required budget. This year they equated to budget savings of \$847,400.



- 2.32. Under the Government Pensions Scheme, Pensionable Officers are eligible for Pension Benefits and other Benefits. Pension Benefits are paid upon Normal Retirement, Early Retirement and Medical Retirement. Other Benefits include the Early Exit Benefit for 10 years or more service and Death Benefit where an officer dies while in the service.
- 2.33. Pensions include monthly payments made to pensioners both local and overseas. Gratuities are made up of one off lump-sum payments comprising: Commuted Gratuity Payments to new retirees; Early Exit Benefits to officers who resign with ten or more years of service; and Contract Gratuity. Social Security Contributions represent Employer Contributions paid to the Montserrat Social Security Fund in respect of all employees and Contract Officers.
- 2.34. Total spending on Pensions for the fiscal year as a 31 December was \$6,472,187 of which \$2,217,857 was spent in quarter 3.

# Use of goods and services

2.35. Goods and services were purchased to meet operational requirements. This included the maintenance of public sector buildings, maintenance of the road network, materials for schools and medicines, as well as administrative costs, such as rent and utilities. The total value of goods and services purchased was \$7.73 million (26% of the total expenditure).

#### Small Capital Asset Fund (SCAF)

- 2.36. DFID in collaboration with Ministry of Finance and Economic Management has accepted that there is a need for a fund to purchase various pieces of equipment required by Ministries and Departments on an annual basis. These items are too expensive to be considered as recurrent costs, but too small to be considered a major capital project.
- 2.37. The SCAF budget again underperformed during the third quarter, with Ministries again citing the length procurement process as a significant issue. The forecast for the balance of the year has most of the SCAF budget being utilised with majority of the expenditure occurring in the first and second months of the 4th quarter as implementation of the some awarded and tendered projects were delayed in the third

quarter. The Government of Montserrat has also made the decision to re-allocate funds awarded to SCAF projects that have been slow in implementation to furnish the MCRS building. The totality of these funds must be expended during the fourth quarter and makes up a significant portion of the 4th quarter forecast. Total funds allocated to date equals \$1,800,000 with allowance made for projects that may come in above or below their allocated budgets. To date total expenditure committed from the Small Capital Asset fund amounted to \$1,046,334.

- 2.38. Funds totalling \$1.8m has therefore been made available for this financial year to meet that requirement. Protocols have been agreed and guidelines provided for accessing and utilising and reporting on the use of the funds.
- 2.39. The following projects have received approval for funding during the fiscal year 2015/16. Some projects were rolled over from 2014/15 due to a failure to implement as a result of the of the protracted procurement process at the time. Funds were ring-fenced and permission was granted for these projects to be implemented within this fiscal year of 2015/16. Below is an update on each project to date.

# Equipment for Glendon Hospital (\$250,000)

Purchase of equipment for the hospital which will complement, the equipment purchased under the Hospital Redevelopment project. The equipment under this project cannot be accommodated under the Hospital Redevelopment project. This project is expected to be completed by the end of the 4th quarter. Expenditure to date has totalled \$80,500 which was used to purchase several items on the equipment list. The balance on this project is expected to utilised during January/February.

# • Verge Cutter (MCW) (\$210,000)

This project allowed for the purchase of a verge cutter to help maintain the vegetation along Montserrat main and secondary road network. This allows for increased visibility in all areas, as Montserrat it's famous for its blind corners. The project has completed implementation; with delivery of the Verge Cutter in December 2015. The final payment to supplier was made in January.

#### Hydraulic Hose(MCW) (\$141,750)

This is to allow for the increasing the quality of service offered by the PWD Workshop in improving the efficiency and maintenance of heavy equipment and machinery in both the private and public sector. The tender for the project came in significantly below is original \$230,000 budget. The project has been completed and all funds expended.

# • Equipment for MSS (Ministry of Education) (\$71,940)

This projected allowed for the purchase of computers for various IT school labs across the Secondary and Primary schools. Project is being implemented, and is expected to be completed by the end of the fourth quarter.

#### Laboratory Equipment (MCW) (\$147,00)

This project provided necessary equipment to the PWD Laboratory that will allow the Ministry to continue to earn revenue, as a result of their laboratory testing services to the public. Project is expected to be completed at the end of the 4th quarter. \$130,000

# • ETD Equipment (MCW&L) (\$131,275)

This project involved the acquisition of an Electronic Trace Detector (ETD) device which is capable of detecting prohibited substances and explosive materials. This piece of equipment will be used

to enhance the security system at the John A. Osborne Airport. The procurement process was completed and the tender came in below the original budget of \$175,000. The project is expected to be completed by the end of the 4th quarter.

2.40. The following project proposals were received and approved in 2015/16 with the balance of the funds remaining after the ring-fenced projects were deducted.

# • Purchase of Safety Equipment (RMPS) (\$87,300)

This project involves the purchase of safety equipment for the Royal Montserrat Fire Service. This project is forecasted to be completed by the end of the 4th quarter.

# Acquisition of Milling Machine (MCWL) (\$215,000)

This project relates to the purchasing of a Milling Machine for the MCWL. The project has not yet been tendered but is forecasted to complete spending by end of 4th quarter. The funds for this project were withdrawn to accommodate expenditure on the furnishing of the MCRS building. This project will be considered for funding in 2016/17. The funds from this project will be reallocated to the Furnishing MCRS Building Project.

# Provision of Musical Instruments for MSS (\$111,000)

The purpose of this project is to partially outfit the MSS school with the necessary equipment to get the musical curriculum started. The project is expected to be completed by end of the 4th quarter although no expenditure has yet to occur.

#### Purchase of essential Furniture for Schools (\$102,000)

This project focuses on the provision of new furniture to equip school across the island, as most of the furniture that is being used by the students is in poor condition and require immediate replacement. Project is forecasted to be completed in the 4th quarter but no expenditure has occurred.

#### Equipment & Furniture for ODG Satellite Departments (\$39,100)

This project was to provide necessary equipment for satellite departments of ODG including Prison, Defence force, DMCA. Expenditure to date totals 15,500, with the completion of the balance of the project forecasted to occur in 4th quarter.

# Provision of Fire Tenders (\$260,000)

This project was for the provision of new fire tenders for the Montserrat Fire Service as the ones currently in operation are in extremely poor shape. This project was approved under the SCAF when it was a development project and not under the recurrent. EC\$301,000 was ring-fenced under that project for the purchase of the fire tenders, for use even after the SCAF was moved to the recurrent budget. Issues with procurement agents Crown Agents saw the implementation of the project severely delayed. The project is now ready for implementation but the funds ring-fenced are no longer enough to cover the project. Therefore, \$260,000 has been taken from the SCAF recurrent funds to ensure the speedy implementation of this critical project. The Generator Project funds were re-allocated to the project due to extremely slow project implementation by the responsible Ministry. All funds under this project were spent in 3rd quarter.

2.41. Total funds allocated to date equals \$1,800,000 with allowance made for projects that may come in above or below their allocated budgets. To date total expenditure committed from the Small Capital Asset fund amounted to \$1,046,334.

#### The Technical Cooperation Programme

- 2.42. **Background/Context:** The Government of Montserrat has agreed a programme of technical cooperation (TC) with our main donor agency DFID. This support is available in the form of personnel, technical advice, training scholarships and research. TC is provided where these needs cannot be fully met from local resources and human capacity. The TC is intended to help GoM achieve its policy priorities and facilitate a measurable element of skills transfer to local staff.
- 2.43. **Recruitment Plan**: Some 46 TC posts have been agreed of which 21 are long-term TC (LTTC) and 25 are short-term TC (STTC). To date, the recruitment process has been completed for 10 LTTC and 9 STTC posts. Filling some of the named TC posts have been challenging and has been protracted due to several reasons, to include administrative delays in the internal recruitment processes, staffing and capacity issues within HRMU as well as the on-boarding policy (more specifically: the payment of shipping costs and size restrictions on the shipping container). The experience has demonstrated the need for the review of the GoM recruitment and on-boarding policy as well as undertake some re-engineering of the processes.
- 2.44. **Financial Summary:** A total budget of \$3,360,000 was approved in the Budget for the 2015/16 Fiscal Year. As at 31 December 2015, a total of \$1,560,847 has been spent (see Table 2.11).

**Table 2.11 Technical Cooperation** 

Description	Approved Budget	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4P	Total	Var
Short-term TC	2,550,000	405,009	403,526	403,526	951,827	2,163,888	386,112
Long-term TC	810,000	78,302	135,242	135,242	379,350	728,136	81,864
Total	\$3,360,000	483,311	538,768	538,768	1,331,177	1,560,847	1,799,153

## GOM Capacity Development Programme (previously Annual Country Training Scheme)

2.45. The National Training and Scholarship Advisory Committee (NTSAC) recommended that full scholarship be awarded to named candidates, in keeping with the order established on the priority list. The List shows the priority areas as approved by Cabinet on 19th February 2015 via decision 63b/2015. This recommendation was processed and awards were disbursed as shown in areas Nos. 15 - 23 in the Table 2.12.

Table 2.12 ACTS

No	Programme	Duration	End Date	2015/16 Cost
1	BSc Environmental Health Management	4 years	Dec-2015	24,224.12
2	BSc Land Surveying	3 years	Jul-2016	103,123.24
3	BSc Social Statistics	3 years	Jul-2016	56,332.04
4	BSc in Geology	3 years	Jul-2016	129,015.19
5	BSc Computer Science	3 years	Jul-2016	50,510.82
6	Registered Nurse/General Nursing	2 years	Jul-2016	58,788.32
7	BSc Structural Engineering	3 years	Jul-2017	9,486.18
8	MBBS Medicine & Surgery	5 years	Jul-2017	58,888.96
9	BSc in Geology	4 years	Jul-2017	94,058.62
10	BA Literatures in English	4 years	Jul-2017	59,207.40
11	BSc Social Work	3 years	Jul-2017	59,387.16
12	BSc Geology	3 years	Jul-2017	50,555.94
13	BSc Social Statistics	3 years	Jul-2017	59,546.02
14	BSc Economics & Accounting	3 years	Jul-2017	61,527.80
15	Legal Education Certificate	2 years	Jul-2017	46,589.50
16	BSc Mathematics with teacher training	4 years	Jul-2018	85,561.35
17	BSc Construction Management	4 years	Jul-2018	97,210.21
18	BSc Geography/Social Studies	3 years	Jul-2018	68,227.89
19	BSc Education Management	3 years	Jul-2018	69,204.67
20	BSc Mathematics with Teacher Training	3 years	Jul-2018	7,776.00
21	BA Literatures in English	4 years	Jul-2019	57,519.62
22	Diagnostic Imaging (Radiology/Radiography)	4 years	Jul-2019	77,723.84
23	MBBS (Medicine & Surgery)	4 years	Jul-2019	93,186.13
24	MBBS (Medicine & Surgery)	4 years	Jul-2019	73,087.83
25	Land Surveying & Geographic Information Sciences	4 years	Jul-2019	81,670.53
26	BSc in Food Science	4 years	Jul-2019	42,352.89
			Total	1,674,762.31

2.46. A total of around \$1.55 million has been spent to date to cover the cost of tuition, airfare, accommodation and subsistence. The table below shows the actual forecasted expenditure by quarter.

Table 2.13 ACTS

ACTC		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
ACTS	Forecast	90,000	1,100,000	445,000	140,000	1,775,000
	Actual/Proj.	85,730	1,091,365	370,841	282,050	1,829,986

2.47. A total of budget of \$679,100 was allocated to finance the award of new scholarships, while \$1,104,000 has been spent to date on the continuing scholarships.

#### Maintenance of Public Assets

2.48. Government's spending on maintenance for quarter 3 was \$2.27 million (72% of its forecast). Spending on key maintenance categories was as follows: Buildings \$306,245, 14%; Roads and Bridges \$1,240,478, 55%; Vehicles and Heavy Equipment \$103,330, 4.6%; Upkeep of Grounds \$190,480, 8.4%. Appendix D sets out maintenance expenditure by ministry and type bot h for quarter 3 and the fiscal year up to 31 December 2015.

## • Office of the Deputy Governor (\$76,500)

Maintenance continues to be challenging as we continue to deal with the issue of backlog maintenance and the lack of a comprehensive maintenance strategy. In December 2015, the Project Implementation Unit (PIU) assisted ODG with the drafting of Tender Documents for the tender of External Renovation Works for the Former Chief Minister's Building at Government Headquarters. The documents were sent to the Procurement Unit, MoFEM and it is expected that Works of approximately \$150,000 would commence in January 2016 with a completion date of March 2016, thus utilising the full year's budget allocation.

Key areas of maintenance spending during the quarter included expenditure on buildings, office equipment and the upkeep of grounds. The general upkeep of both the Prison compound and vehicles continued as scheduled. Purchases were made to rectify some electrical issues and this work is still pending to be rectified by PWD and potentially may incur additional cost. Work could not be completed due to unavailability of PWD electrician and it is hoped it will be addressed in the 4<sup>th</sup> Qtr. HMP vehicles were serviced by PWD in October with settlement expected in quarter 4.

Some maintenance work would also be started on the HMP perimeter fence in quarter 4, but a more holistic remedy would be looked at in the new FY as corrosion from the elements takes toll on the fence.

# • Office of the Premier (\$37,000)

Maintenance activities during the quarter focused on vehicles and government's office equipment. The Ministries maintenance plans have had to be curtailed since the radio tower at Silver Hills is due to be decommissioned, as it has now become too unsafe to attempt maintenance on it.

# Ministry of Agriculture, Trade, Lands, Housing & The Environment (\$50,500)

Some maintenance of vehicles and office equipment was undertaken during the quarter. Maintenance of forest trails, office buildings and vehicles are anticipated during quarter 4.

#### Ministry of Communication, Works and Labour (\$1,655,000)

The major works that were completed in quarter 3 were; a section of Nixon's Road, Manjack Bridge crossing 75% complete, Drainage in Brades, verge and drain maintenance through the entire road network and major road patching in Little Bay, Isle's Bay and throughout the entire road network.

There are a number of major works already in progress or are being award for the works to begin in short order. These are; The Mahogany Drive drainage and road repair works, The Virgin Island's retaining wall, St. John's retaining wall and the PWD workshop and office entrances.

#### Ministry of Education Youth Affairs and Sports (\$208,600)

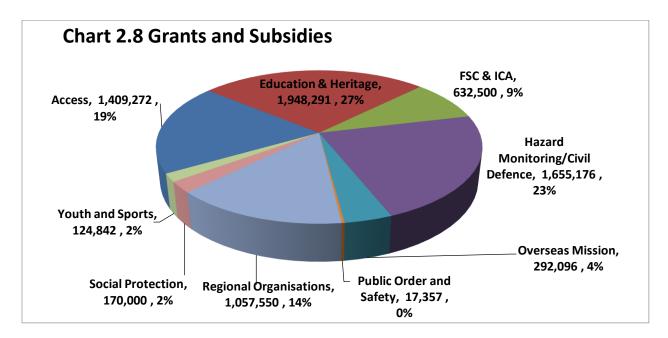
The Ministry spent approximately \$200,000 of its \$700,000 maintenance allocation during the third quarter. By the end of the third quarter the Ministry spent in total just about \$594,000 or 84% of its maintenance budget. Activities included routine maintenance and upgrades were undertaken at the Montserrat Secondary School, while the Salem Park resurfaced after the removal of some 6-8 inches of built up ash deposits.

During quarter 4 the ministry will be addressing the additional critical/urgent routine maintenance issues as they arise.

## • Ministry of Health and Social Services (\$172,934)

During the quarter 3 repairs were completed for the Cudjoe Head Clinic and the Salem Clinic. Repairs to the St Peter's Clinic although awarded in December are to commence in January 2016 and should be completed within 6 to 8 weeks of commencement. Additional repairs to the Salem Clinic roof and shutters are to be awarded in by early January 2016. The ministry also anticipated commissioning work to connect the Dental Clinic to the generator at the Environment Health Unit; repairs to the Lookout Community Centre, repairs to the Cudjoe Head Clinic roof during quarter 4.

#### Grants and subsidies



2.49. The central government makes grant and subsidy payments to regional institutions, private sector and non-governmental organisations as well as some statutory bodies to deliver public services or to facilitate their delivery. Payments of this nature are usually given to support on-going services; they can also be for the creation of new assets. Total grants and subsidies were \$7.31 million (Chart 2.6), 8.1% of spending for the period.

# **Access Subsidy**

- 2.50. During the quarter, a 'five-day' week service operated in October and November. In December, the service increased to six days per week, to accommodate visitors for the Christmas holidays and festival. The Sunday day tour service which was postponed in August, October and November was reinstated in December, this assisted with passengers who arrived in Antigua on late regional flights. There were no interruptions to the service for this quarter.
- 2.51. Due to international flights delays in December and increased passengers to be processed, the ferry was late in leaving Antigua later than the 7:00 pm schedule, during week beginning 6th and 13th December, which is normally the time when most visitors would arrive from the United Kingdom.

- 2.52. Passengers arriving in Montserrat during December were processed with little delays in Customs and Immigration. Special arrangements were introduced for passengers with young children, the disabled and elderly in the use of the departure lounge. There were also additional Customs and Immigration officers on the days when there were over fifty passengers to be processed. Due to the large amount of cargo, extra transportation to transport luggage and cargo from the ferry to the terminal was required.
- 2.53. There was a total of 70 charter days for the ferry service during the quarter. The total ferry cost for this period was \$1,807,190. Of this amount, \$1,344,565 represents charter hire for the vessel while \$462,625 was spent on operational expenses with fuel accounting for \$227,460. Ferry cost for the same period last year was \$1,814,874.
- 2.54. Revenue for this quarter was \$694,575, passenger ticket sales were \$672,780 and cargo sales were \$21,795. Revenue for the same period last year was \$651,467.
- 2.55. Passenger movements for the ferry during the 3rd Quarter of the 2014/15 totalled 5,593. During the same quarter in 2015/16, this figure was 3,653. The monthly breakdown is as follows:

October 2015: - 864 November 2015: - 782 December 2015: - 2007

- 2.56. The difference in quarterly figures for the same period last year and this year is 1,940 passengers. The reduction in visitor numbers for this quarter especially during the month of December (1015 visitors) may be because the usual visitors for December have indicated that they would prefer to visit St Patricks Day celebrations rather than the Christmas Festival for various reasons.
- 2.57. The lack of visitors for the day tours also had an impact on visitor numbers for this quarter. A strategy needs to be developed by Tourism identifying ways on how to increase the day tour and weekender visitor numbers. The Access Unit will support these initiatives.
- 2.58. The total authorised subvention budget for Air/Sea Access was \$6,125,600 for 2015/16 up to the 3rd quarter. However, this was revised down to \$5,727,600 based on the outturn of surpluses in the first to third quarters. Expenditure for that period in 2014/15 was \$4,231,965. Total expenditure for the period April to December 2015/16 is \$3,646,604. The revenue collected over the same period totalled \$1,848,049. The revenue collected in 2014/15 April to December was \$1,654,936. The figures are showing that while expenditure has reduced by \$585,361, revenue has increased by \$193,113. The reduction in fuel cost from \$1,200,616 in the first three quarters of the last financial year to \$875,793 this financial year same period, is the main reason for the reduction in expenditure.
- 2.59. The Subsidy agreement between the Government of Montserrat and Fly Montserrat Ltd was reinstated in October. SVG have still not taken up the subsidy offer. No monies have been spent on charters for this period as there was no disruption to the ferry service.
- 2.60. Discussions are still ongoing with Win Air about offering air service to Montserrat. A charter flight by Win Air in November to transport basketball players from St Maarten had to be cancelled.
- 2.61. Building work inside the ferry terminal in Antigua to accommodate the Ferry Agent, Immigration and Customs started in late October. A Revised target date for completion was set for January 22, 2016. On completion, it is expected that the processing of visitors from Antigua will be carried out inside the

ferry terminal. This should help speed up the process where outgoing passengers and day tours are concern.

2.62. Table 2.14 below shows the actual budget performance for budget year 2015/16, 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter

Table 2.14 Access

	Qtr 1 Projection	Qtr 1 Actual	<u>Qtr 1</u> <u>Variation</u>	Qtr 2 Projection	Qtr 2 Actual	Qtr 2 Variation	QTR 3 Projection	Qtr 3 Actual	Qtr 3 Variation	QTR 4 Projections	<u>Total</u> <u>Annual</u> <u>Budget</u>
Dassangar											
Passenger Loads	4320	2698	1622	5285	3739	-1546	5005	3653	-1352	3540	18150
Ferry Cost	1,923,679	1,771,938	151,741	1,988,222	1,897,525	(90,697)	2,008,258	1,807,190	(201,068)	1,756,811	7,676,970
Ferry Revenue	501,870	468,395	33,475	611,750	685,079	<u>73,329</u>	580,910	694,575	<u>113,665</u>	640,740	2,335,270
Net Cost/Ferry Subsidy	1,421,809	1,303,543	118,266	1,376,472	1,212,446	(164,026)	1,427,348	1,112,615	(314,733)	1,116,071	5,341,700
Airlines Guarantee	70,224	0	70,224	70,224	0	(70,224)	70,224	18,000		70,228	280,900
WINAIR Charters	0	0	-	0	0	1	25,000	0		35,000	60,000
Fly Montserrat Charter	0	0	-	0	0	-	25,000	0		8,000	33,000
SVG Charter	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	Ξ	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	=	12,000	<u>0</u>		<u>0</u>	<u>12,000</u>
Total Air Subsidy	70,224	0	70,224	70,224	0	(70,224)	132,224	18,000		208,228	385,900
Total Subsidy/Cost (EC\$)	1,492,033	1,303,543	188,490	1,446,696	1,212,446	(234,250)	1,559,572	1,130,615	(428,957)	1,229,299	5,727,600

# **Contingency Funds**

2.63. GOM and DFID agreed a budget for a contingency fund to meeting emergency expenditure related to the occurrence of unforeseen events leading to activities that have not been provided for in the Government of Montserrat annual budget. The 2015-16 Budget Aid Contingency Fund has two distinct uses: 1) for general contingency uses and 2) for child safeguarding (as the emerging GOM Child Safeguarding Action Plan is taken forward).

# Contingency Fund 1 (Main)

2.64. To date the following 6 applications totalling \$1,040,500 were received from across government for use of the Contingency Funds:

<ul> <li>Montserrat Post Tropical Storm Erika Assistance to Dominica</li> </ul>	53,500
Medical Referral Assistance Programme	175,000
<ul> <li>Refurbishment of Brades Primary School</li> </ul>	540,100
<ul> <li>Feral Livestock Programme and Interim Project Coordinator</li> </ul>	37,000
<ul> <li>Dip Ed Training for MSS Graduate Untrained teacher 2016</li> </ul>	134,600
<ul> <li>Judgement for The Galloway Group on Claim No. MNIHCV2013/0015</li> </ul>	100,300

2.65. DFID agreed a total of \$328,800 for 3 applications: Montserrat Post Tropical Storm Erika Assistance to Dominica (in quarter 2); as well as, the settlement of the Judgement for The Galloway Group on Claim No. MNIHCV2013/0015; and an additional provision for the Medical Referral Assistance Programme. MOFEM anticipates settling with the Galloway Group during the 4<sup>th</sup> quarter. Spending on Medical Referrals will be subject to need. Any positive balance would fall within the MoU budget aid surplus conditions (so could not be used unless DFID gave advance permission).

# Contingency Fund 2 (Child Safeguarding)

2.66. Following on from the Child Safety Review (CSR) and recommendations published in March 2015, government has made progress with the implementation of its work plan. Under the DFID supported Contingency Fund - Child Safeguarding budget the following actions were undertaken during quarter 3:

Acquisition of a Video Conferencing Suite (to arrive in January 2016)
 \$64,800

• Special Educational Needs (SEN) Teacher (November, 2015) 13,800

Purchasing of computer and projector

4,800

- TOR prepared and advertisement in November 2015 of:
  - Senior Probation Officer,
  - Crown Counsel, Child Protection,
  - SEN Teacher,
  - o Communication support Officer,
  - Multilingual Guidance Counsellor.
  - Social Worker
- 2.67. We are also anticipating the advertisement of the Senior Social Worker post which should have occurred at the same time. GOM spent \$112,541 of its allocation for Child Safeguarding during quarter.
- 2.68. Additionally, progress has been made on a number of related and supporting work programmes, policies and protocols. These include the National Child Abuse Protocol Montserrat (NCAP) and the Term of Reference for the Child Protection Board which have been drafted and are currently out for consultation. Three Bills, Children Care and Adoption Bill, Domestic Violence Bill and Status of children (Parentage Testing Procedure) Regulations have been drafted for Cabinet's Consideration in January, 2016. A Foster Care Assessment Policy, a Handbook for Fostering in Montserrat and a Leaflet on Fostering in Montserrat have also been drafted in collaboration with UNICEF who are now finalising them for publication.
- 2.69. Under a partnership between Montserrat, DFID and UNICEF, a number of studies and consultations were also completed. A Rights-Based Situation Analysis of Children and Women on Montserrat Report is completed and out for feedback. A Review of the Terms of References for Child and Gender Budgeting and Terms of References for the review of the current Social Welfare Act took place between 19 20 October 2015. Also completed has been the Montserrat Child Protection Digest which is now ready for circulation.
- 2.70. During quarter 4 it is anticipated that the Montserrat Child Safeguarding agenda will be advance with the passage of the 3 Bills through the Assembly in February or March, The Child and Gender Budgeting study to be commenced in March, 2016 and the submission of the Rights-Based Situation Analysis of Children and Women on Montserrat for Government's endorsement.

#### Healthcare Improvement

- 2.71. Following a review in February 2015 of the Hospital Health Care Improvement Project (HHCIP) it was recommended that the infrastructure/hospital build component be closed and the non-infrastructure components of the HHCIP should continue while a new Business Case is being developed.
- 2.72. A costed work plan was developed for the non-infrastructure components, and the appropriate allocations were included in the 2015/16 recurrent budget. The components were (i) Equipment, (ii) Non-Communicable Diseases, (iii) Elderly Care, (iv) Health Financing and Organizational Reviews, (v) Emergency Preparedness and Response and (vi) Electronic Health Information System. The Teams worked with varying levels of success.
- 2.73. This programme consists of two distinct ring-fenced budget lines namely: Healthcare Improvement (Recurrent) and Healthcare Improvement (Capital). Activities undertaken during quarter 3 under each budget area are outlined following.

### Healthcare Improvement Recurrent

#### • Non-Communicable Diseases

Addressing Childhood Obesity - On October 22 & 23, follow-up activities captioned "Fun Days" were hosted for graduates of Easter Camp and Summer Camps of 2014. The opportunity was used to engage the children in discussion about any behaviour changes they had made since Camp; and to re-enforce the knowledge that can lead to positive behaviour change.

In December, 1st Form students of the Montserrat Secondary School were engaged in two "Health & Fun Days." The children were engaged in activities designed to help them make healthy choices with a special focus on 'breakfast' and putting 'fun' into physical activity.

A meeting was held on December 14 to explore the challenges being experienced with the types of food and snacks available at schools on island. Invitees included Vendors who frequent Primary and Secondary Schools, Board Members of PTAs, Education Officials. A summary of proposals submitted by attendees has been compiled for discussion with officials of the Ministry of Education.

With the assistance of the Pan American Health Organisation, the Ministry of Health has been able to acquire equipment required to conduct the Anthropometric measurement component of the Behaviour Risk Factor Survey utilizing the WHO STEPS Methodology. Equipment valued at approximately US\$18,000 was received at the end of December.

# • Improving Care of Persons Living with NCDs

Staff of the Community Nursing Department were engaged in "Behaviour Change" training sessions on December 9 & 15. The training was in two parts; Session 1 explored the theories and processes through which change in the behaviour of adults is achieved. The second Session focused on how the staff would relate to their clients in helping them along the journey that would lead to the required lifestyle changes that should improve the management of their conditions.

# Elderly Care

Training for enumerators in the administration of the questionnaire designed to assess the needs of older persons was conducted. Data collection commenced at the end of November.

A consultation with key stakeholders was hosted to review the draft admission criteria/procedure to supportive/institutional living for Older and Disabled Persons on Montserrat.

# • Health Finance and Organizational and Functional Review

The tender documents to undertake the above study were published online on gov.ms on 13th Oct 2015. Opening of tenders took place on 3rd Dec 2015

# • Emergency Response

A MoU for the delivery of ambulance services between MOHSS and Montserrat Fire Department has been drafted, and is being reviewed the legal Department.

# • Electronic Health Information System (EHIS)

The functional software requirements of an EHIS system was completed and submitted to the MoH. The Terms of Reference for inclusion in the tender dossier has been drafted.

# Healthcare Improvement Capital

2.74. Efforts concentrated on procurement of items approved under the equipment budget. Table 2.15 shows progress made to date.

**Table 2.15 Health Equipment Progress** 

ITEM	COMMENTS	STATUS
Haematology	Machine arrived on island and installed in the Laboratory.	Completed
Analyser		
Hospital Beds	Delay in transfer of funds from Crown Agents to supplier.	Mattresses and
		beds being shipped
Autoclave	Summary of Costs (SOC) received on October 9, 2015. Supplier	Order confirmed
	offered additional warranty including free labour but the unit must	
	be returned to the Netherlands. Crown Agents asked to decline that	
	offer as it is not cost effective and to request spare parts from the	
	manufacturer instead.	
Dressings Trolleys		Order confirmed
Defibrillator	Options provided by Crown Agents reviewed. Still awaiting	Pending
	additional information.	
ECG Machine	Options provided by Crown Agents reviewed. Still awaiting	Pending
	additional information.	
Phototherapy Light	Option provided by Crown Agents	Pending
Fixed &Mobile X-	Delay in procurement, as we awaited the assessment of the	Pending
Ray Unit(s)	Biomedical Engineer. Biomedical engineer visited in December	
	2015 – Draft Report has been submitted and reviewed.	
Delivery bed	One option received October 22, 2015 and shared with staff.	Order for delivery
	Appropriate accessories for a complete delivery bed were	bed confirmed.
	requested on October 26, 2015.	
I. V. Pump	One quotation received on October 28, 2015. Specifications shared	Pending
	with staff for feedback. Alternate option submitted to Crown	
	Agents.	

# Cross-Classification of Functional and Economic Classifications of Expense

- 2.75. Table 2.16a and 2.16b provide approximation of the breakdown of recurrent expenditure according the classifications of functions of government (COFOG) and against the economic classifications of expenses according the Government Financial Statistics (GFS) 2001. The functions cover the ministries as follows:
  - General public services include Executive and Legislative organs as well as external affairs,
     Ministry of Finance and Economic Management
  - **Defence**: Disaster Management Coordination Agency including MVO subvention and the Royal Montserrat Defence Force;
  - Public order and safety: Law Courts, Police, Fire and Prisons;
  - Economic affairs: Agriculture, Communication, Works and Labour;
  - **Recreation, culture, and religion**: Sports, Tourism & Culture should be included here but have not yet been unbundled from the general public services;
  - Environmental protection; Health; & Social protection relate Environmental Management, Ministry of Health and Social Services

Table 2.16a: Function of Government	Totals
General public services	8,996,596
Defence	1,947,394
Public order and safety	1,972,642
Economic affairs	8,863,057
Environmental protection	217,175
Housing and community amenities	127,767
Health	3,156,206
Recreation, culture, and religion	374,092
Education	2,090,003
Social protection	1,265,238
Totals	29,010,172

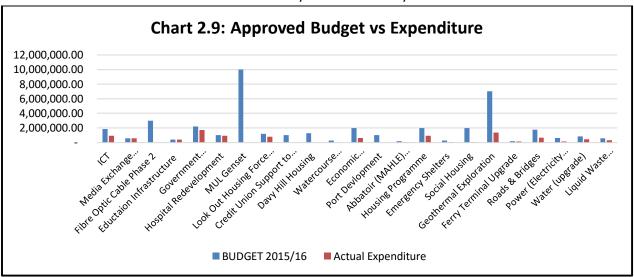
Table 2.16b: Economic Classification	Totals
Compensation of Employees	13,881,807
Use of Goods and Services	7,602,579
Consumption of Fixed Capital	-
Interest	157,702
Subsidies	4,228,038
Grants	1,641,214
Social Benefits	1,035,393
Other Expenses	463,438
Totals	29,010,172

# In Year Adjustments to the Budget

2.76. No additional Supplementary Appropriations occurred during quarter 3. A Contingency Warrant was raised in November to meet urgent and unbudgeted for expenditure for the provision of services at the Glendon Hospital. These included dietary, medical, laboratory and pharmaceutical supplies as well as emergency repair works.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

2.77. Project Activity for this quarter was slower than anticipated. An 80% capital spend on the approved budget was forecasted for the end of quarter 3 however only 30% of the entire budget has been depleted to date. This has been a cause of concern, based on the fact that Ministries have drawn down most if not all of their 2015/16 allocation. It is important to note that underspend for quarter three (3) is owed to unforeseen events and the brief summary below will clarify this.



2.78. As demonstrated above expenditure has performed poorly against the approved budget and this trend is expected to carry over into the fourth quarter, unless the momentum of construction activity increases.

# Government of Accommodation

GOM continues to see a lag in this project due to poor performance of the contractor. This project is scheduled to come to an end in June and GOM in collaboration with DFID's local branch will be doing all in their power to ensure that works are satisfactorily completed within the stipulated time. Project expenditure at the end of the quarter amounted to \$1,73m.

#### • Geothermal Exploration

A number of legal matters have surfaced in relation to the third drill site, which have drastically slowed preparatory works within this quarter. GOM is now in a bind, as drilling will not commence in January 2016 as anticipated. On the other, the Environmental and Social Impact Assessment (EIA) was successfully completed and will be used to inform the site preparation and dredging works once the legal issues have been addressed. To improve the service delivery of this project, the services of a Project Manager will be secured shortly. This legal battle has negatively impacted expenditure within the quarter which stood at only \$1.3m at the end of the quarter which equates to only 32% of the approved budget.

#### ICT

Implementation under the fourteen contracts continued for the quarter with expenditure standing at \$0.9m.

# Montserrat Priority Infrastructure Needs

Signs of progress was noted under some of the sub-projects but the overall project has underperformed for the quarter.

- Emergency Social Housing A total of three houses have been demolished with the sites cleared and ready for construction.
- Emergency Shelters Condition Surveys have been completed which were key to the development of the scope of works for the project. The tenders are now complete and will be sent to the Procurement Board.
- Electricity Distribution There was a delay in the procuring of supplies under this element
  of the project but this should be rectified in quarter four (4). Plans were in order for the
  purchase of a new Mobile Radio System but have changed because the DMCA has offered
  to share their current system.
- Water Supply Upgrade Supplies have been ordered and the shipment is on its' way.
- Liquid Waste Management Within the quarter a sludge truck with spares were successfully ordered and have been shipped. Additionally, the services for the urgent fencing of the Sludge ponds was successfully procured at a cost of approximately \$100,000.
- Roads and Bridges The supplies for the Bunkum Bridge was ordered but has been held up in St. Marten. Once they have arrived work would begin which could take up to a maximum of six weeks.
- 2.79. It was anticipated that most of the project's allocation would have been expended within the quarter, however there were various obstacles to include delay in shipment, redesigning of original drawings and lack of capacity. It is foreseen that expenditure under the 2015/16 budget will continue well into quarter one (1) 2016/17. Expenditure amounted to \$1.66m at the end of the quarter.

### • EU Grants Housing Programme

Sixty-two (62) applicants were shortlisted for assistance under the four available categories. These are: Financial Assistance, Home Improvement, Home finishing and Materials grant. A total of sixteen (16) persons of the sixty-two (62) Applicants received grants to date totalling approximately \$400,000. At the end of the quarter a total of \$0.9m.

#### Look Out Housing Force 10

Most of the homes under the project currently fall within the retention period. A thorough inspection is expected to be carried out in the last quarter of 2015/16. A total of \$806,806 has been expended at the end of the quarter.

# • Future Expenditure Outlook

Although expenditure from Quarter 1 to Quarter 3 were not in line with forecasted spend, increased expenditure is anticipated between Quarter 4 and the first quarter of 2016/17.

#### Cash Balance

2.80. The total cash balance at 30 December 2015, was \$55,923,267.25 broken down as follows:

The Consolidated Fund 33,471,143.30
The Development Fund 22,452,123.95

# Government borrowing and debt servicing

2.81. Government borrowing and financing comprises the Plymouth 2<sup>nd</sup> Port Development Loan, the Consolidated Line of Credit (a loan used to provide student loans, business loans and agricultural

developments and the Second Power Project. Government's debt stock increased by \$1,484,997.27 after netting the repayments and disbursals.

As at 31 December, 2015, the Government had current borrowing of \$9,039,393.23. Total repayments of \$157,641 (Principal \$125,468; Interest \$32,173) were made during the period. Total loan disbursal received were \$1,642,638.02.

#### 2.82. The debt portfolio at the end of the period is as follows:

Loan Title	Opening Balance	Principal	Interest	Repayment/ (Disbursal)	Closing Balance
Port Development Loan (2 <sup>nd</sup> Loan 1)	1,768,718.81	57,055.43	11,584.16	68,639.59	1,711,663.38
Port Development Loan (2 <sup>nd</sup> Loan 2A1)	2,763,515.88	38,922.77	13,817.57	52,740.34	2,724,593.11
Consolidated Line of Credit	1,354,506.08	29,490.13	6,770.68	36,260.81	1,325,015.96
Second Power Project	1,635,482.77	(1,642,638.02)	-	(1,642,638.02)	3,278,120.79
Total	7,522,223.54	(1,517,169.69)	32,172.42	(1,484,997.27)	9,039,393.23

#### Liabilities

2.83. GOM is committed to systematically reducing all its outstanding obligations which include the following quantified items approximating to \$ 5.73 million:

•	Pensions & Gratuities	\$0.48 m
•	MSSF - Davy Hill Houses (Cab Dec. 470/2014; \$1,577,711; 3.5% interest)	\$1.58 m
•	Tax Refunds (Estimate)	\$1.50 m
•	MUL (Generating set, Executive Council Dec. 529/06)	\$2.17 m

# Contingent liabilities

- 2.84. Contingent liabilities are liabilities associated with events that, while possible, are considered sufficiently improbable (or unquantifiable) that they are not included in the governments financial statements. These contingent liabilities recognise that future expenditure may arise if certain conditions are met or certain events happen. That is, the risk of a call on the Consolidated Fund in the future will depend on whether or not certain circumstances arise. For example, payment under a government guaranteed loan would only be required if the body covered by the guarantee was unable to repay the loan.
- 2.85. Government Savings Bank (GSB). The GSB was established by statute in the 1937 by the UK Government at the time to provide limited banking services on Montserrat. The financial services market has developed to the point where there is no longer the need for such services. Further, the regulatory framework is not conducive and in the specific case of the Banking Act does not permit maintaining this institution. Consequently, GOM has directed the MOFEM to voluntarily wind up the GSB by 31 March, 2014. The law explicitly provides for GOM to make up any deficiencies between the assets of the GSB and the liability owed to depositors.
- 2.86. The Government notes the following major civil claims against it:
  - JCPC 2014/0082 Central Tenders Board, the Attorney General and Vernon White. The matter
    was a claim for judicial review of a decision on the award of a tender for the construction of a
    school in Look Out of the value of \$2,227,537.77 in circumstances where the tender was noncompliant. The Privy Council dismissed our appeal on the matter and it now needs to go for
    assessment of damages.

- CLAIM NO. MNIHCV 2013/0015 EMMANUEL GALLOWAY ET. AL. T/A THE GALLOWAY GROUP V MINISTER COMMUNICATIONS AND WORKS, ATTORNEY GENERAL, PUBLIC PROCURMENT BOARD This is a claim for judicial review of the procurement process employed by the Ministry of Communication and Work, for the dredging of the Plymouth Jetty and the award of a contract for the performance of those works. The Claimant claims loss of profit on the original contract of \$66,032.27 and the cost of preparing the tender of \$19, 262.50 and damages. The Court has awarded \$100, 297.77 being the amount claimed plus cost. \$100, 297.77
- CLAIM NO. MNIHCV 2012/0036 WARREN CASSELL V COP, AG. This is a constitutional motion in relation to a search conducted by Police and items taken during a search of the Claimant's house after he was convicted of nine counts of procuring the execution of valuable security and one count of Money Laundering. We are awaiting Judgment from the High Court in this matter.
- PROVIDENCE ESTATE MATTERS. There are approximately 12 matters which relate to the Providence Estate Limited and the circumstances surrounding the illegal sale by Mr. Warren Cassell of the properties to persons without the knowledge and approval of the representatives of the Estate. Government has applied for a consolidation of the matters as they all relate to the same set of circumstances. Two of the main matters which relate to the GOM and have been filed against public officers are:
  - Claim No. MNIHCV 2013/0020 Providence Estate Limited, Owen Rooney v Walter Wood
    III, et al. & AG Claim alleging fraud on the part of the 1-4th Defendants and breach of
    statutory duty and misfeasance in public office against 5th Defendant (Government of
    Montserrat/Public Officers).
  - Claim No. MNIHCV 2013/0021 Providence Estate Limited, Owen Rooney v Registrar of Lands – Application for Rectification of Land Register.
- GALLOWAY'S CONSTRUCTION LTD V AG Alleged breach of contract and wrongful expulsion related to infrastructure works at Little Bay. This matter is before an Arbitrator in the United Kingdom. In March 2014 on a preliminary point, as to whether the expulsion was unlawful, the Arbitrator ruled in favour of the GoM and found that the expulsion was not unlawful. The Arbitrator has been asked to determine whether there were circumstances which would have entitled Galloway's to an extension of time and whether Galloways were appropriately paid for some of the work done. The Government has filed a counter-claim with the Arbitrator seeking \$2,750,924.53. The Claimants initial claim was for EC\$18, 828,084.78 but in 2015 they submitted a reduced claim of \$7,271,055.45. The Parties were trying to see if the issues can be resolved without the cost of further arbitration on the matter, but there seems to be no agreement mainly due to the absence of critical technical data, and the cost implications of acquiring such technical data. Solicitors in the UK are addressing this matter and consideration is being given to the next steps.

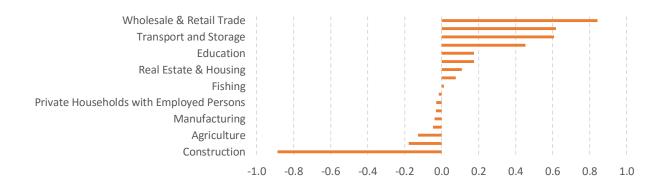
# 3. Outlook for 2015-16

#### Global Economic Context

#### **Economic Outlook**

3.1. Over the course of the first half of 2015/16 the performance of the Montserrat economy has weakened and has failed to match expectations at the beginning of the year. Preliminary estimates of GDP growth (produced by the ECCB) for Q1 2015/16, suggests annual real GDP growth as weak as 0.8%. However, this is expected to rise to 1.7%, for the financial year 2015/16 as a whole. The table below details the sectors which are expected to contribute, or act as a drag, to this 1.7% real annual GDP growth on Monserrat for 2015/16.

ECCB Forecast: Contributions to the forecast headline 2015/16 rate of real annual GDP growth of 1.7% on Montserrat, by sector, percentage points



3.2. Given the weakened economic conditions GOM has revised its forecast of the revenue it expects to collect through the remainder of 2015-16. Local revenue for most streams is expected to vary only a little at year end compared to forecasts at the beginning of the year. However, GOM expects to collect approximately \$46.8 million in local revenue compared to a forecast of \$48.6million. This decline is due mainly to the lower expectation on Telecommunication Licences and lower Plant and Workshop collections.

#### Policies and Programmes for 2015-18

3.3. Over the next 3 years GOM will focus its activities on the delivery of its Policy Agenda 2016/17 - 2018/19 (Sept 2015). The Policy Agenda is comprised of high-level objectives that relate to a number of areas of national development. It articulates government's priorities, and vitally, provides a reference point for the development of key strategies that will be used to deliver government's desired policy outcomes. It will crucially provide the basis on which Government will decided upon the prioritisation of the allocation of resources. The Policy Agenda follows:

#### **GOAL 1: PRUDENT ECONOMIC MANAGEMENT**

- 1.1 To change the development focus from post-volcano mode to developing and implementing plans focused on sustainable self-sufficiency that capture the spirit of Montserrat's past and preserve Montserrat's culture including enhancing relationships within the region and with key development partners.
- 1.2 Priority sectors for generating foreign direct investment identified including those that leverage Montserrat's unique assets and character and implement appropriate sector strategies.
- 1.3 Identification of obstacles to doing business and sequenced plans implemented for their removal and mitigation.
- 1.4 Priority infrastructure for generating economic growth identified and plans put in place to deliver.
- 1.5 Local resources unlocked to stimulate growth in domestic business.
- 1.6 The diaspora and the expatriate community engaged in national development.

#### **GOAL 2: ENHANCED HUMAN DEVELOPMENT**

- 2.1 Increased access to essential medical services through leveraging technology as well as direct service provision.
- 2.2 Increased and expanded health promotion services to reduce public health concerns, to reduce the incidence and effect of non-communicable diseases, and to improve the care of the elderly.
- 2.3 Strengthened community-based treatment programs for vulnerable groups of society.
- 2.4 Education provision improved to raise educational outcomes to be regionally and internationally competitive and equip people for sustainable livelihoods.
- 2.5 An equitable social protection framework which transitions those able to work back into the labour market while adequately supporting those unable to work.
- 2.6 Improved access to affordable housing for low and middle income residents.
- 2.7 Increased social housing stock supported by an equitable allocation policy.
- 2.8 Enhanced youth development through national programs including sports.
- 2.9 Increased protection of our children and vulnerable youth.

# GOAL 3: SUSTAINABLE ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT AND APPROPRIATE DISASTER MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

- 3.1 Improved legislation, governance framework, capacity, scientific monitoring and outreach to sustainably manage environmental resources (terrestrial and marine) and make the island a centre of excellence in environmental and volcanic research.
- 3.2 Increased focus on mitigating disasters in addition to strengthening preparedness and emergency response.
- 3.3 Physical infrastructure, including housing, designed and built for resilience against disasters and climate change conditions.

# **GOAL 4: GOOD GOVERNANCE**

- 4.1 Strengthened transparency, accountability and public engagement within the national Governance Framework.
- 4.2 Public Service reformed to improve efficiency and effectiveness in the provision of essential public services.
- 4.3 Montserrat's reputation preserved as a just, safe and secure place to live and visit.

# **GOAL 5: INCREASED POPULATION**

- 5.1 Rebuilt communities which embrace diversity and enable population growth to develop a sustainable Montserrat.
- 5.2 Essential skills attracted and retained through immigration management and training.

# 4. SUMMARY

- 4.1. Economic outlook indicates that growth will be at an even slower pace than originally forecasted. Over the course of the first half of 2015/16 the performance of the Montserrat economy has weakened and has failed to match expectations at the beginning of the year.
- 4.2. Accordingly, domestic revenues remained flat across all revenues streams with slight declines recorded against last year's 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter. Expenditure also remained flat for the same period in previous years.

# **APPENDICES**

# A. BUDGET PERFORMANCE REPORT

# (For the Period 1<sup>st</sup> April 2015 – 31<sup>st</sup> March 2016)

	Act	uals			Qu	arterly Returns			
Recurrent Revenue	2014	2015	Approved ('R)	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Actuals	Variance
Taxes on Income, Profits	16,281,301	15,744,101	16,076,000	4,567,930	3,618,510	3,368,972	1,283,520	12,838,932	(3,237,068)
Taxes on Property	0	708,912	910,000	15,398	25,030	561,615	66,049	668,093	(241,907)
Taxes on Domestic Goods and Services	0	1,612,302	2,004,600	246,328	249,721	243,285	592,348	1,331,681	(672,919)
Licenses	0	2,863,783	4,075,600	518,255	705,591	513,809	297,783	2,035,438	(2,040,162)
Taxes on International Trade	0	18,210,571	18,436,300	4,212,668	4,459,956	5,410,279	1,497,919	15,580,822	(2,855,478)
Arrears of Taxes	0	1,070,514	970,000	178,705	196,291	93,430	153,745	622,170	(347,830)
Fees, Fines and Permits	0	2,109,887	1,838,400	445,101	383,307	384,661	171,915	1,384,984	(453,416)
Rents, Interest and Dividends	0	1,225,032	689,500	270,760	361,353	162,105	38,894	833,111	143,611
ECCB Profits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reimbursements	0	150,613	985,000	916,821	68,381	32,786	46,240	1,064,229	79,229
Budgetary Assistance	0	75,349,758	79,680,000	30,266,881	0	45,662,378	0	75,929,259	(3,750,741)
Other Revenue	0	2,367,433	2,572,900	406,893	469,694	634,687	129,548	1,640,823	(932,077)
Total Recurrent Revenue	16,281,301	121,412,905	128,238,300	42,045,739	10,537,835	57,068,007	4,277,960	113,929,541	(14,308,759)
Recurrent Expenditure	2014	2015	Approved ('R)	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Actuals	Variance
Salaries	(31,690,490)	(34,459,042)	(37,863,600)	(8,564,623)	(8,693,777)	(8,993,142)	(2,911,924)	(29,163,466)	8,700,134
Salaries and Wages Increase	(1,453,575)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wages	(3,988,217)	(536,125)	(675,200)	(144,741)	(114,224)	(138,735)	(46,728)	(444,429)	230,771
Allowances	(6,122,261)	(6,337,613)	(6,972,300)	(1,484,786)	(1,484,886)	(1,506,731)	(589,779 <mark>)</mark>	(5,066,182)	1,906,118
Pensions and Gratuities	(13,488,963)	(14,142,815)	(12,951,000)	(2,605,519)	(2,968,894)	(3,164,224)	(916,303 <mark>)</mark>	(9,654,940)	3,296,060
Use of Goods and Services	(16,742,190)	(25,035,987)	(34,794,800)	(4,616,741)	(7,629,013)	(7,711,781)	(2,815,028)	(22,772,564)	12,022,236
Transfers and Subsidies	(32,433,156)	(25,506,844)	(24,364,500)	(4,324,690)	(7,317,324)	(6,821,909)	(1,679,792)	(20,143,715)	4,220,785
Social Benefits	(3,498,919)	(3,374,498)	(4,615,800)	(994,557)	(1,040,970)	(1,070,244)	(918,292)	(4,024,062)	591,738
Revenue refunds	(1,368,314)	(1,458,124)	(1,505,500)	(214,129)	(292,680)	(245,403)	(57,105)	(809,316)	696,184
Other Expenditure	(3,114,227)	(8,167,130)	(4,037,300)	(265,787)	(492,390)	(328,161)	(268,792)	(1,355,129)	2,682,171
Debt servicing	(657,350)	(658,735)	(643,500)	(160,003)	(158,762)	(160,098)	(156,787 <mark>)</mark>	(635,649)	7,851
Total Recurrent Expenditure	(114,557,662)	(119,676,912)	(128,423,500)	(23,375,575)	(30,192,919)	(30,140,427)	(10,360,530)	(94,069,452)	34,354,048
Recurrent Surplus/Deficit	(98,276,361)	1,735,994	(185,200)	18,670,164	(19,655,084)	26,927,580	(6,082,570)	19,860,090	20,045,290

#### **CAPITAL EXPENDITURE**

Capital Revenue	2014	2015	Approved ('R)	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Actuals	Variance
Development Assistance	49,092,861	33,395,548	52,216,400	2,924,694	1,160,268	9,500,851	12,671,239	26,257,052	(25,959,348)
Capital Expenditure	2014	2015	Approved ('R)	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Actuals	Variance
Domestic	(1,399,850)	(1,794,480 <b>)</b>	(1,837,239)	(696,459)	(844,567)	(80,667)	(26,889)	(1,648,582)	188,657
Regional	0	0	0	0	0	(81,656)	(66)	(81,722 <b>)</b>	(81,722)
International	(65,396,489)	(31,901,282 <b>)</b>	(18,529,600)	(2,947,917)	(4,829,892)	(6,707,802)	(3,575,432)	(18,061,042)	468,558
DFID	(53,132,753)	(21,777,676 <b>)</b>	(42,000)	(2,228,547)	(2,827,810)	(4,780,437)	(1,461,609)	(11,298,403)	(11,256,403)
EU	(11,980,201)	(9,937,103 <b>)</b>	0	(49,257)	(70,057)	(39,867)	(1,775)	(160,956)	(160,956)
Other	(283,535)	(186,503 <b>)</b>	(18,487,600)	(670,112)	(1,932,025)	(1,887,498)	(2,112,047)	(6,601,683)	11,885,917
	(66,796,339)	(33,695,762)	(20,366,839)	(3,644,376)	(5,674,459)	(6,870,125)	(3,602,387)	(19,791,346)	575,493
Capital Surplus/Deficit	(17,703,477)	(300,214)	31,849,561	(719,682)	(4,514,190)	2,630,726	9,068,852	6,465,706	(25,383,855)

## B. Revenue Outturn by Programme

Departments	Approved	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Received	% Received
Fire Fighting and Rescue Service	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Policing Services	282,600	61,196	52,460	107,515	100,800	321,971	114%
Financial Crime and Analysis Unit	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Administration of Justice	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Magistrate's Court Services	40,000	11,769	10,840	11,896	4,050	38,555	96%
Supreme Court Services	15,500	63,886	11,751	(39,191)	4,795	41,240	266%
Legislature	800	246	3,199	540	644	4,629	579%
Constitution Commission Secretariat	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Audit	25,000	1,850	-	-	-	1,850	7%
Office of the Opposition	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Office of the Deputy Governor	218,200	69,760	64,750	39,160	13,100	186,770	86%
Human Resources	-	2,636	2,986	3,148	1,106	9,876	0%
Prison Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Defence Force	1,100	60	880	20	_	960	87%
Disaster Mgmt. Coordination Agency		-	-	-	_	-	0%
Governor	_		_	_	_	_	0%
Public Prosecution	_	_	_	_	_		0%
Strategic Management and Administration	-	769	50	(169)	1,025	1,675	0%
Broadcasting	150,000	-	94,191	50,961	17,685	162,837	109%
External Affairs	130,000		J4,1J1 -	50,501	17,085	102,037	0%
Development Planning and Policy Co-Ordination	-	<u> </u>	_	-	-	-	0%
Information Technology & E-Government Services	_		_	_	_	_	0%
Cabinet Secretariat	-		-	-	-	-	0%
			-			-	
Development Planning and Policy Co-Ordination	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Information Technology & E-Government Services	-		(50.222)			- 0.072	0%
Broadcasting	-	59,295	(50,222)	-	-	9,073	0%
Strategic Management & Administration	-	19,900	-	25,740	-	45,640	0%
Fiscal Policy & Economic Management	81,645,000	30,266,881	398,983	46,010,433	528,843	77,205,140	95%
Statistical Management	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Treasury Management	1,037,500	919,033	80,823	87,949	16,123	1,103,928	106%
Customs & Revenue Services	37,240,500	9,413,798	8,593,575	9,725,198	3,105,099	30,837,670	83%
Postal Services	215,500	51,762	102,204	74,611	39,557	268,134	124%
Internal Audit	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Economic Development and Trade	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Strategic Administration and Planning	318,000	71,225	9,190	83,157	14,000	177,571	56%
Agricultural Services	49,000	12,087	10,331	12,942	4,346	39,706	81%
Land Administration	612,000	179,182	85,182	136,651	20,011	421,027	69%
Physical Planning & Development Services	43,000	10,369	15,695	9,192	3,150	38,405	89%
Environmental Management	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Housing Policy & Support Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Trade, Investment & Bureau for Standards & Quality	7,400	-	-	1,169	2,360	3,529	48%
Strategic Management and Administration	3,939,400	467,061	736,245	393,416	244,815	1,841,537	47%
Infrastructure Services	50,000	-	22,318	1,200	-	23,518	47%
Plant Hire and Mechanical Services	995,000	41,509	52,464	22,462	14,091	130,527	13%
Airport Management & Operation	377,000	68,315	28,280	54,836	23,243	174,674	46%
MCW On Behalf Of Other Ministries & Department	-		-	-	-	-	0%
Industrial Relations & Employment Services	160,000	51,925	41,350	46,125	16,625	156,025	98%
Strategic Management, Administration, and Support Services	360,000	60,752	33,013	94,848	23,386	211,999	59%
Primary Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Secondary Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Library and Information Services	-	-	_	-	_	_	0%
Early Childhood Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Youth Affairs and Sports	-	-	_	-	_	_	0%
Strategic Management & Administration	375,800	113,817	103,061	93,154	38,172	348,204	93%
Primary Health Care	-			-	-	5,251	0%
Secondary Health Care	_		2,980	457	-	3,437	0%
Social Services	80,000	26,660	31,255	20,588	40,935	119,437	149%
	55,000	20,000	31,233	20,300	70,555	110,407	
Environmental Health	_			_	_	_	0%

# C. Expenditure Outturn by Programme

Departments	Approved	Released	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Spent	% Spent
Fire Fighting and Rescue Service	1,351,700	1,326,800	287,103	356,812	320,763	105,017	1,069,695	81%
Policing Services	4,559,900	4,465,800	1,182,251	1,050,019	999,631	351,681	3,583,583	80%
Financial Crime and Analysis Unit	139,600	138,900	38,562	31,166	22,182	14,862	106,772	77%
Administration of Justice	1,682,700	1,552,500	358,347	340,208	352,409	142,438	1,193,402	77%
Magistrate's Court Services	321,000	309,200	83,321	65,414	68,948	19,417	237,100	77%
Supreme Court Services	673,900	624,200	133,725	164,088	136,740	49,142	483,695	77%
Legislature	1,037,800	1,014,400	208,272	221,252	257,989	101,592	789,105	78%
Constitution Commission Secretariat	283,100	242,400	33,472	26,999	18,205	11,582	90,258	37%
Audit	1,277,300	972,400	176,623	201,111	201,021	53,424	632,179	65%
Office of the Opposition	170,000	168,200	34,277	37,063	39,911	15,367	126,619	75%
Office of the Deputy Governor	15,577,500	15,050,100	3,219,068	3,512,507	3,813,617	1,027,394	11,572,586	77%
Human Resources	6,789,300	6,611,100	852,013	2,006,042	1,279,024	329,461	4,466,540	68%
Prison Services	1,200,800	1,189,700	269,466	289,980	309,198	89,409	958,054	81%
Defence Force	92,000	90,700	5,972	58,703	8,326	9,237	82,237	91%
Disaster Mgmt. Coordination Agency	7,747,800	7,620,500	961,585	1,944,302	2,681,966	457,583	6,045,436	79%
Governor	331,700	322,800	75,705	67,827	79,201	23,496	246,229	76%
Public Prosecution	622,300	515,400	129,291	126,931	127,116	38,857	422,194	82%
Strategic Management and Administration	3,628,100	3,605,600	729,551	1,561,591	778,763	242,801	3,312,706	92%
Broadcasting	1,082,900	1,047,400	206,257	238,920	232,463	78,397	756,037	72%
External Affairs	5,538,100	5,511,100	362,576	1,692,924	1,537,823	820,037	4,413,359	80%
Development Planning and Policy Co- Ordination	366,400	306,500	59,095	61,461	65,914	23,586	210,057	69%
Information Technology & E-Government Services	1,849,500	1,859,200	290,380	540,071	525,579	191,390	1,547,420	83%
Strategic Management & Administration	2,019,400	1,792,100	423,270	572,892	350,768	235,099	1,582,029	88%
Fiscal Policy & Economic Management	4,801,300	3,495,400	270,566	677,909	803,417	710,708	2,462,599	70%
Statistical Management	752,000	612,300	121,969	132,612	125,166	52,659	432,406	71%
Treasury Management	1,043,600	1,008,800	204,318	242,918	235,777	113,142	796,156	79%
Customs & Revenue Services	3,845,900	3,845,900	721,907	793,947	836,767	244,881	2,597,501	68%
Postal Services	516,900	488,300	122,021	119,754	112,352	44,219	398,346	82%
Internal Audit	412,000	355,100	80,780	81,859	64,677	34,960	262,276	74%
Strategic Administration and Planning	1,319,300	1,215,600	253,519	265,579	310,792	132,796	962,686	79%
Agricultural Services	1,703,700	1,615,800	325,387	376,707	369,528	159,355	1,230,976	76%
Physical Planning & Development Services	594,000	592,400	110,333	125,877	138,616	44,030	418,855	71%
Environmental Management	869,900	869,900	148,785	147,920	217,175	65,498	579,378	67%
Housing Policy & Support Services	570,600	505,300	69,157	118,817	95,716	30,025	313,716	62%
Trade, Investment & Bureau for Standards & Quality	170,700	152,700	36,089	36,636	32,051	7,677	112,452	74%
Strategic Management and Administration	9,582,400	8,855,600	2,240,481	2,335,720	2,346,287	128,755	7,051,243	80%
Infrastructure Services	5,413,100	5,378,100	605,409	1,204,387	1,896,070	618,253	4,324,119	80%
Plant Hire and Mechanical Services	3,278,800	3,169,800	520,249	607,682	710,499	249,589	2,088,019	66%
Airport Management & Operation	2,151,200	2,041,600	453,037	435,184	528,494	202,172	1,618,887	79%
Industrial Relations & Employment Services	285,400	272,900	54,776	49,388	65,442	57,104	226,710	83%
Strategic Management, Administration, and Support Services	2,944,000	2,939,000	749,202	744,240	752,436	179,952	2,425,831	83%
Primary Education	1,490,900	1,485,900	323,698	375,138	389,632	123,367	1,211,835	82%
Secondary Education	2,821,800	2,811,000	610,089	726,571	648,698	257,342	2,242,700	80%
Library and Information Services	368,100	368,100	56,453	92,612	113,627	44,459	307,150	83%
Early Childhood Education	889,200	889,200	189,504	234,630	200,497	80,594	705,225	79%
Youth Affairs and Sports	1,463,000	1,457,000	329,910	414,379	374,092	107,975	1,226,356	84%
Strategic Management & Administration	4,914,200	4,735,100	580,151	450,608	584,387	147,900	1,763,045	37%
Primary Health Care	2,112,100	1,960,400	457,410	493,479	463,076	148,572	1,562,537	80%
Secondary Health Care	8,233,000	7,699,100	1,912,770	1,898,529	1,745,026	684,441	6,240,766	81%
Social Services	5,284,300	5,204,900	1,248,408	1,342,663	1,273,023	1,088,626	4,952,721	95%
Environmental Health	1,483,700	1,477,200	329,956	353,692	364,703	117,394	1,165,745	79%
	128,423,500	122,574,500	23,375,575	30,192,919	30,140,427	10,360,530	94,069,452	77%

### D. Maintenance Service Total Spend as a 31 December 2015

#### **Expenditure for Quarter 3 Only**

Departments	Buildings	Roads & Bridges	Vehicles & Heavy Equipment	Office Equipment	Electrical Installations	Upkeep of Grounds	Shelters	Fuel	Marine Vessel	Mechanical Spares	Plant & Operations	Hotmix Plant	Total	%
Police	19,280	-	16,880	608	-	1,288	-	21,997	465	-	-	-	60,518	3%
Legal	840	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	840	0%
Magistrate's Court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Supreme Court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	480	-	-	-	-	480	0%
Legislature	1,225	-	-	(320)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	905	0%
Office of The Deputy Governor	22,155	-	3,773	37,274	2,204	10,184	-	909	-	-	-	-	76,500	3%
Public Prosecution	465	-	-	-	-	375	-	-	-	-	-	-	840	0%
Office of The Premier	1,314	-	18,639	14,064	-	545	-	2,431	-	-	-	-	36,992	2%
Ministry of Finance & Economic Mgmt.	58	-	1,847	530	-	50	-	3,330	-	-	-	-	5,815	0%
Agriculture	27,976	-	6,474	7,476	-	592	-	7,976	-	-	-	-	50,494	2%
Communications, Works & Labour	45,259	1,240,478	55,925	28,409	-	5,528	-	31,417	-	132,370	102,391	13,148	1,654,925	73%
Education, Youth Affairs And Sports	57,454	-	1,864	395	-	147,902	-	976	-	-	-	-	208,591	9%
Health And Social Services	130,218	-	(2,071)	10,729	-	24,015	-	10,043	-	-	-	-	172,934	8%
Total	306,245	1,240,478	103,330	99,164	2,204	190,480	-	79,558	465	132,370	102,391	13,148	2,269,834	100%
%	13.5%	54.7%	4.6%	4.4%	0.1%	8.4%	0.0%	3.5%	0.02%	5.8%	4.5%	0.6%	100%	

#### Expenditure for Quarters 1 to 3

Departments	Buildings	Roads & Bridges	Vehicles & Heavy Equipment	Office Equipment	Electrical Installations	Upkeep of Grounds	Shelters	Fuel	Marine Vessel	Mechanical Spares	Plant & Operations	Hotmix Plant	Total	%
Police	27,409	-	84,285	5,013	-	1,986	-	73,312	20,970	-	-	-	212,975	5%
Legal	2,155	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,155	0%
Magistrate's Court	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Supreme Court	-	-	-	230	-	-	-	2,207	-	-	-	-	2,437	0%
Legislature	2,792	-	-	(320)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,472	0%
Office of The Deputy Governor	65,827	-	48,059	56,540	6,097	29,714	-	21,918	-	-	-	-	228,154	5%
Public Prosecution	1,184	-	-	450	-	375	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,009	0%
Office of The Premier	3,592	-	30,324	132,338	-	1,445	-	6,942	-	-	-	-	174,641	4%
Ministry of Finance & Economic Mgmt.	873	-	10,814	2,393	-	50	-	9,199	-	-	-	-	23,330	1%
Agriculture	74,030	-	49,765	10,331	-	1,042	-	22,366	-	-	-	-	157,533	3%
Communications, Works & Labour	92,931	1,855,229	87,723	42,856	-	13,668	-	121,002	-	233,537	226,799	29,517	2,703,264	60%
Education, Youth Affairs And Sports	341,055	-	5,809	570	-	242,312	-	4,984	-	-	-	-	594,730	13%
Health And Social Services	207,680	-	30,428	119,171	-	46,379	-	27,341	-	-	-	-	431,000	10%
Total	819,530	1,855,229	347,205	369,572	6,097	336,971	-	289,272	20,970	233,537	226,799	29,517	4,534,699	100%
%	18.1%	40.9%	7.7%	8.1%	0.1%	7.4%	0%	6.4%	0.46%	5.2%	5.0%	0.7%	100%	

# E. Staffing Details as at 30 September, 2015

Vote	A/C No	Ministry/Department	Per- manent	Fixed Term Contract	Special Agreement	Wages	Wages Part- time/FTE	No of Posts Filled	Vacan -cies	Unfunded	No of approved
05	050	Fire	28	0	0	0	0	28	1	1	29
05	051	Police	74	0	0	0	0	74	3	1	77
05	052	Financial Crime & Analysis	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
07	070	Administration of Justice	9	2	1	0	0	12	2	0	14
08	080	Magistrate's Court	3	1	0	0	0	4	1	0	5
09	090	Supreme Court	7	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	7
10	100	Legislature/Legislators	4	6	0	0	0	10	0	0	10
10	101	Constitution Commission Secretariat	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	2	3
11	110	Office of the Auditor General	6	5	0	1	0	12	4	1	16
12	120	Office of the Deputy Governor	7	1	0	7	0	15	2	2	17
12	121	Human Resources Management Unit	12	0	2	0	0	14	2	1	16
12	122	Prison	24	1	1	1	0	27	1	1	28
12	124	Disaster Management Co-Ordination Agency	6	0	1	0	0	7	0	0	7
12	125	Governor's Office	1	2	0	3	0	6	0	0	6
13	130	Director of Public Prosecution	4	0	1	0	0	5	1	0	6
15	150	Office of the Premier	9	2	3	0	0	14	0	0	14
15	153	Broadcasting	12	0	3	1	0	16	1	1	17
17	170	External Affairs	1	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	2
17	171	Development Planning and Policy	1	1	2	0	0	4	0	0	4
17	172	Department of Information Technology and E- Government	8	0	2	0	0	10	4	2	14
17	173	Ministry of Finance - Strategic Management and Administration	5	0	0	0	0	5	3	0	8
20	200	Fiscal Policy and Management	6	1	0	0	0	7	1	0	8
20	203	Statistical Management	6	0	1	0	0	7	1	1	8
20	203	Treasury Management	11	0	1	0	0	12	2	0	14
20	205	Customs & Revenue Services Department	35	0	7	0	0	42	3	0	45
20	206	Postal Services	7	1	0	0	0	8	2	1	10
20	200	Internal Audit Unit	5	0	0	0	0	5	2	2	7
20	208	Agricultural Headquarters	5	3	2	1	0	11	3	2	14
30	300	Agricultural Neadquarters  Agricultural Services	18	2	1	1	1	23	2	1	25
30	301	Land Administration	11	0	1	0	0	12	3	0	25 15
30			9	0	2	0	0	11	1	0	12
30	302	Physical Planning & Development Services	10	•		0	0	12	3	2	15
	303	Environmental Management Department		1	1						
30	304	Housing Policy & Support Services	4	0	1	0	0	5	2	1	7
30	305	Trade	1	0	1	0	0	2	0	1	2
35	350	Communications and Works Headquarters	11	1	4	0	0	16	1	0	17
35	351	Infrastructure Services	27	10	4	0	0	41	5	3	46
35	352	Plant Hire & Mechanical Services	22	7	3	0	0	32	4	2	36
35	353	Airport	29	1	1	0	0	31	2	1	33
35	355	Industrial Relations & Employment Services	3	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	4
40	400	Education Headquarters	9	3	1	0	0	13	0	0	13
40	401	Primary Education	27	0	5	2	0	34	3	2	37
40	402	Secondary Education	26	10	5	4	0	45	4	2	49
40	403	Library & Information Services	4	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	4
40	404	Early Childhood Education	25	0	0	0	0	25	1	0	26
40	405	Youth Affairs and Sports	10	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	10
45	450	Health Headquarters	8	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	8
45	451	Primary Health Care	14	8	3	7	0	32	5	2	37
45	452	Secondary Health Care	109	11	12	1	0	133	2	1	135
45	454	Social Services	9	0	1	1	0	11	2	0	13
45	455	Environmental Health	8	2	3	0	0	13	0	0	13
			692	83	77	30	1	883	82	36	965
			J <b>JL</b>		• •	- 30	-				

## F. 2015-16 Long-Term Technical Cooperation - Financial Report as at 30 September 2015

No	Ministry/Department	Post	HRMU Annual Contribution EC\$	2015/16 Budget Estimate	Actual Expenditure to Date	2015/16 Revised Budget	2016/17 Budget Projection	2017/18 Budget Projection	2018/19 Budget Projection
1	Ministry of Finance & Economic Development	Head of Procurement	175,886	170,000	2,779.00	117,257	178,000	178,000	178,000
2	Magistrate's Court	Chief Magistrate	147,448	16,500	34,237.83	170,000	150,000	150,000	150,000
3	Ministry of Finance & Economic Development	Chief Economist	223,250	140,000	39,367.77	148,833	225,000	225,000	225,000
4	Ministry of Education	Mathematics Teacher No.1	62,064	14,000	0	0	65,000	65,000	65,000
5	Ministry of Education	Mathematics Teacher No. 2	12,672	0	0	0	15,000	15,000	15,000
6	Office of the Auditor General	Audit Manager No. 1	36,000	55,000	0	24,000	36,000	36,000	36,000
7	Office of the Auditor General	Audit Manager No. 2	36,000	0	0	24,000	36,000	36,000	36,000
8	MATLHE	Housing Officer I - Policy & Planning	30,000	0	0	20,000	25,000	25,000	25,000
9	Legal	Parliamentary Counsel	76,000	31,700	37,999.98	76,000	76,000	76,000	76,000
10	Legal	Senior Crown Counsel	24,000	30,000	0	16,000	25,000	25,000	25,000
11	MATLHE	Fisheries Officer	22,720	0	0	15,147	25,000	25,000	25,000
12	MATLHE	Director of Lands & Survey/Chief Surveyor	22,384	45,000	0	14,923	25,000	25,000	25,000
13	Office of the Premier/Cabinet Secretariat	Development Planner	18,000	7,000	0	12,000	20,000	20,000	20,000
14	MCWL	Structural Engineer	22,000	0	0	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000
15	MCWL	Director of PWD	0	50,000	4,030.20	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000
16	Office of the Premier/Cabinet Secretariat	Director of Information & Communications	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	Office of the Premier/Cabinet Secretariat	Senior Policy Analyst	12,000	12,000	6,000.00	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000
18	Ministry of Health	Community Mental Health Officer	35,000	32,000	16,000.02	35,000	35,000	35,000	35,000
19	Ministry of Health	Chief Medical Officer	136,000	176,000	73,128.74	176,000	140,000	140,000	140,000
20	Legal	Senior Magistrate/Deputy Registrar	0	60,000	0	60,000	60,000	60,000	60,000
21	Ministry of Finance & Economic Development	Director of Statistics	0	60,000	0	60,000	60,000	60,000	60,000
	Total		1,091,424	899,200	213,543.54	1,056,160	1,283,000	1,283,000	1,283,000

## G. 2015-16 SHORT-TERM TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAMME - Financial Report as at 30 September 2015

No.	Ministry/Department	Post	Contract Sum per Year	2015/16 Estimated Budget	Actual Expenditure to Date	2015-16 Revised Budget	2016-17 Budget Projection	2018-19 Budget Projection	2017-18 Budget Projection
1	Legal	Legal Drafter/Consultant Legal Adviser	215,200	215,200	197,632.93	215,200	215,200	215,200	215,200
2	Mo Health and Social Services	HRA/ Director of Health Services	249,600	124,800	124,800.00	249,600	249,600	249,600	249,600
3	Mo Health and Social Services	Clinical Psychologist	220,000	220,000	-	80,000	220,000	220,000	220,000
4	Office of Director of Public Prosecutions	Senior Crown Counsel	123,552	127,200	-	50,000	123,552	123,552	123,552
5	MALHE	Environment Officer	97,328	103,500	48,664.02	97,328	97,328	97,328	97,328
6	MOHSS	Child Safeguarding Specialist	209,600	209,600	104,800.02	209,600	209,600	209,600	209,600
7	Cabinet Secretariat	Monitoring and Evaluation Advisor	80,000	80,000	-	80,000	80,000	80,000	80,000
8	Legal	Consultant Parliamentary Counsel	209,320	80,000	-	80,000	209,320	209,320	209,320
9	IRD, MCRS	Tax Advisor	269,600	260,000	148,790.41	269,600	269,600	269,600	269,600
10	MOHSS	Senior Social Worker	194,600	185,000	97,300.02	194,600	194,600	194,600	194,600
11	Legal	Design of Legal Aid Framework	50,000	50,000	6,328.16	50,000	0	0	0
12	MCWL	Technical Advisor to Port Manager	92,000	0	-	0	0	0	0
13	MoHSS	Biomedical Technician	92,000	0	-	40,000	92,000	92,000	92,000
14	Legal	UNCAC Assessment	70,000	70,000	-	70,000	0	0	0
15	MoFEM	Financial Advisor	336,000	336,000	-	112,000	336,000	336,000	336,000
16	Internal Audit Unit, MoFeM	Audit Advisor	180,000	180,000	-	120,000	180,000	180,000	180,000
17	Office of Auditor General	Audit Advisor	160,000	160,000	-	106,667	160,000	160,000	160,000
18	Office of the Deputy Governor	Building Maintenance Appraiser	92,000	92,000	-	61,333	92,000	92,000	92,000
19	MoEYAs	Curriculum Leadership Coach	116,700	116,700	-	77,800	116,700	116,700	116,700
20	MoHSS	Physiotherapist	92,000			35,000	92,000	92,000	92,000
21	MATLHE	Housing Consultant	92,000			35,000	92,000	92,000	92,000
22	MATLHE	Legislative Drafter for Environment	125,000			125,000	125,000	125,000	125,000
23	MoHSS	Occupational Health Therapist	98,000			35,000	98,000	98,000	98,000
24	MoEYAS	Education Planner	92,000			32,000	92,000	92,000	92,000
25	MOHSS	Family Nurse Practitioner	98,000			35,000	98,000	98,000	98,000
		PAI Consultant			80,219.56				
		Total	3,654,500	2,610,000	808,535.12	2,460,728	3,442,500	3,442,500	3,442,500

Less PAI Consultant 728,315.56

## H. GOM CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT – 2015-16 - Long-term Awards

No	Programme	Institution/Location		End Date	Actual Cost 2015/16
1	BSc Structural Engineering	University of Technology, Jamaica	4 years	Jul-16	1,580.00
2	MBBS Medicine & Surgery	University of The West Indies (Mona)	5 years	Jul-17	76,209.38
3	BSc Environmental Health Management	COSTAATT, Trinidad & Tobago	4 years	Jul-16	47,322.24
4	BSc Land Surveying	University of Technology, Jamaica	3 years	Jul-16	102,226.67
5	BSc Social Statistics	University of The West Indies (Mona)	3 years	Jul-16	55,996.04
6	BSc in Geology	Kingston University (London)	3 years	Jul-16	129,015.20
7	BSc in Geology	Kingston University (London)	4 years	Jul-17	94,058.62
8	BA English/English Literature	University of the West Indies (Cave Hill)	3 years	Jul-17	61,115.07
9	BSc Computer Science	University of the West Indies (Mona)	3 years	Jul-16	50,510.82
10	Registered Nurse/General Nursing	Barbados Community College	4 years	Sep-16	60,737.82
11	BSc Mathematics with teacher training	University of Technology	4 years	Jul-18	85,561.35
12	BSc Construction Management	University of Technology	4 years	Jul-18	103,323.24
13	BSc Social Work	University of The West Indies (MONA)	3 years	Jul-17	59,387.16
14	BSc Geology	University of The West Indies (MONA)	3 years	Jul-17	50,482.59
15	BSc Social Statistics	University of The West Indies (MONA)	3 years	Jul-17	59,546.02
16	BSc Economics & Accounting	UWI, Cave Hill	3 years	Jul-17	63,096.47
17	BSc Surveying & Geographic Information Science	University of Technology	3 years	Jul-19	81,670.53
18	MBBS	UWI St Augustine Campus	4 years	Jul-19	93,186.13
19	MBBS	UWI St Augustine Campus	4 years	Jul-19	73,087.83
20	BSc Geography/Social Studies	UWI (MONA)	2 years	Jul-17	68,227.89
21	BSc Diagnostic Imaging	UWI (MONA)	4 years	Jul-19	90,601.95
22	B.Ed Educational Administration	UWI (MONA)	3 years	Jul-18	69,204.67
23	Legal Education Certificate	Norman Manley Law School	2 years	Jul-17	37,080.35
24	BA Literatures in English	UWI (Cave Hill)	4 years	Jul-19	57,519.62
25	BSc Food Science & Technology	University of Trinidad & Tobago	3 years	Jul-18	42,352.90

#### I. LONG TERM LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT REQUIEMENTS 2015-16

NO	AREA OF STUDY
1	BSc Building Maintenance and Construction Management
	BSc Economic/ Social Statistics
3	BSc Biomedical Engineering
	MA. Applied Development Studies
5	BA in English / English Literature with Teacher Training
6	BSc. Social Work - major in Child Safeguarding
7	BSc Trade & Finance/ International Trade
8	BSc. Mathematics with Teacher training
9	BSc Industrial Arts majoring in Electricity/Electronics with Teacher training
10	BSc Food Technologist
11	BSc. Diagnostic Radiation
12	BSc Civil Engineering/Chartered
13	BSc. Education Policy & Planning
14	BSc. Psychology major in Clinical Psychology
15	BSc. Geothermal/Renewable Energy
16	BSc./Masters- Economics/ Finance/ Financial Management
17	BSc/ Associate in Land Surveying
18	BSc. Environmental Health
19	BSc. Education Curriculum
20	BSc Policy (Social) Analyst
21	BSc Software/Systems Engineering
22	Diploma/ BSc. Vehicle Systems Overhaul Repairs and Maintenance
23	BSc. / MA Human Resources Management/Information Systems
24	Diploma in Education/Associate Degree in Teacher Education
25	Certificate/Diploma in Office Equipment Technology
26	Diploma/DVM Veterinary Medicine
27	BA/ MA Special Needs Education
28	BSc Adult Nursing
29	BSc Nursing Anaesthetist/Dialysis/Oncology/ Midwifery/ Family Nurse Practitioner
30	BSc Computer Science/ Information Systems/Systems Engineering
31	Dip/BSc Broadcasting Engineering
32	BSc in Forestry Management
33	MA / Dip/Cert. Monitoring & Evaluation
34	BSc/MSc in Physiotherapy
35	BSc Estate Management
	BSc. Sports Management
37	BSc. Dietary/ Nutrition Technician
	BSc. / MA. Labour & Employment Relations
39	BSc. Agricultural Science
	BSc. Library & Archiving Studies
41	BSc. Housing Studies

## J. Project Data as at 31st December, 2015

Name of Project -Sector	Ministry Responsible	Status	Financier	Budget 2015-16 EC\$	Expenditure EC\$	Balance(Budget-Exp.) EC\$
		Economic Infrasti	ructure			
Geothermal Exploration	MCW&L	Ongoing	DFID	\$7,006,100	\$1,367,265	\$5,638,835
Roads & Bridges	MCW&L	Ongoing	DFID	\$1,763,300	\$666,680	\$1,096,620
Port Development	MOFEM	Ongoing	EU	\$1,026,100	\$0	\$1,026,100
Fibre Optic	CabSec	Ongoing	EU	\$749,100	\$0	\$749,100
Economic Infrastructure Development	MOFEM	Ongoing	EU	\$2,000,000	\$639,992	\$1,360,008
MUL GENSET	MOFEM	Ongoing	DFID	\$10,000,000	\$0	\$10,000,000
Watercourse Embankment Protection	MOFEM	Ongoing	EU	\$265,000	\$0	\$265,000
Water Supply Upgrade	MCW&L	Ongoing	DFID	\$820,000	\$458,685	\$361,315
Electricity Distribution	MCW&L	Ongoing	DFID	\$627,000	\$154,932	\$472,068
MDC Operations	OP	Ongoing	DFID	\$2,604,700	\$2,570,594	\$34,106
Liquid Waste Management	MOFEM	Ongoing	DFID	\$580,000	\$307,820	\$272,180
ICT	OP	Ongoing	EU	\$1,275,000	\$922,479	\$352,521
Ferry Terminal Upgrade	MCW&L	Ongoing	EU	\$175,000	\$134,592	\$40,408
Disaster Preparedness	ODG	Ongoing	DFID	\$0	\$0	\$0
Road Refurbishment - Salem to St. Johns	MCW&L	Closed	DFID	\$0	\$0	\$0
Carr's Bay Port Development	MOFEM	Closed	EU	\$0	\$0	\$0
Port Development (Gun Hill)	MOFEM	Closed	EU	\$0	\$0	\$0
Private Sector Development	MOFEM	Closed	DFID	\$0	\$0	\$0
Aeronautical Project	MCW&L	Ongoing	DFID	\$0	\$0	\$0
TOTAL	WICVVQL	Oligonia	DITE	\$28,891,300	\$7,223,039	\$21,668,261
DFID				\$23,401,100	\$5,525,976	\$17,875,124
EU				\$5,490,200	\$1,697,063	\$3,793,137
GOM				\$3,430,200	\$1,057,003	\$3,753,137
GOW				γU	γυ	γo
	Soci	al Infrastructure, Rese	earch & Services			
Hospital Redevelopment project	MOFEM	Ongoing	DFID	\$1,000,000	\$907,963	\$92,037
BNTF 7	MOFEM	Ongoing	CDB	\$500,000	\$284,549	\$215,451
Davy Hill	MOFEM	Ongoing	EU	\$1,300,000	\$0	\$1,300,000
Emergency Shelters	MOFEM	Ongoing	DFID	\$252,000	\$12,870	\$239,130
Social Housing	MOFEM	Ongoing	DFID	\$1,999,550	\$61,056	\$1,938,494
Housing Programme	MOFEM	Ongoing	EU	\$828,600	\$920,500	(\$91,900)
Lookout Housing Force 10	MOFEM	Ongoing	EU	\$1,200,000	\$806,806	\$393,194
Credit Union Support to Housing	MOFEM	Ongoing	EU	\$1,000,000	\$0	\$1,000,000
Promotion and Development	MOFEM	Ongoing	EU	\$800,000	\$0	\$800,000
Equipping the Abattoir	MALHE	Ongoing	EU	\$177,600	\$65,880	\$111,720
Toilet Facilities for the Vulnerable	MAHLE	Closed	EU	\$177,000	\$05,000	\$0
Total	WATEL	Cioseu	LO	\$9,057,750	\$3,059,624	\$5,998,126
DFID				\$3,251,550	\$981,889	\$2,269,661
EU				\$5,306,200	\$1,793,186	\$3,513,014
CDB				\$5,306,200	\$1,793,186	\$3,513,014 \$215,451
UNECLAC				\$500,000 \$0	\$284,549 \$0	
GOM				\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0
GOIVI				ŞU	ŞU	Şu

Name of Project -Sector	Ministry Responsible	Status	Financier	Budget 2015-16 EC\$	Expenditure EC\$	Balance(Budget-Exp.) EC\$
	Public	Administration, Buil	dings and Reform			
PSRII	ODG	Ongoing	DFID	\$265,200	\$112,068	\$153,132
Access Coordinator	MCW	Ongoing	DFID	\$20,500	\$0	\$20,500
Government Accommodation	MOFEM	Ongoing	DFID	\$2,200,000	\$1,734,846	\$465,154
Capacity Development Fund	MOFEM	Ongoing	DFID	\$203,600	\$29,427	\$174,173
Project Management	MOFEM	Ongoing	EU	\$2,500,000	\$423,337	\$2,076,663
Miscellaneous (Small Capital Proj.) 14	MOFEM	Ongoing	DFID	\$302,000	\$301,614	\$386
Media Exchange Development	Cabsec	Ongoing	GOM	\$573,339	\$573,245	\$94
Technical Support	MOFEM	Closed	DFID	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total				\$6,064,639	\$3,174,537	\$2,890,102
DFID				\$2,991,300	\$1,876,341	\$812,959
EU				\$2,500,000	\$423,337	\$2,076,663
GOM				\$573,339	\$573,245	\$94
				<b>4373,333</b>	Ų373, <u>2</u> 43	Ų34
		Education	ı			
Education Infrastructure (PCN)	MOFEM	Ongoing	DFID	\$394,300	\$388,295	\$6,005
Montserrat Secondary School Rehabilitation	MOE	Ongoing	GOM	\$763,900	\$763,900	\$0
Teacher Enhancement Project	MOE	Ongoing	CDB	\$117,100	\$81,631	\$35,469
Early Childhood Development	MOE	Ongoing	UNICEF	\$20,700	\$16,850	\$3,850
Sport Centre	MOE	Closed	EU	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total				\$1,296,000	\$405,145	\$6,005
DFID				\$394,300	\$388,295	\$6,005
EU				\$0	\$0	\$0
GOM				\$763.900	\$763,900	\$0
CDB				\$117,100	\$0	\$0
UNICEF				\$20,700	\$16,850	\$3,850
				,,·	7-5/25	40,000
		Agricultur	e			
Darwin Initiative Post Project	MALHE	Ongoing	DARWIN	\$170,700	\$159,181	\$11,519
Overseas Territories Environmental	MALHE	Ongoing	OTEP	\$0	0	\$0
Total		0 0		\$170,700	\$159,181	\$11,519
OTEP				\$0	\$0	\$0
DARWIN				\$170,700	\$159,181	\$11,519
				, ,,,,,	,, -	
	Statisti	cal Research and Mise	cellaneous Projects			
Census 2012	MOFEM	Ongoing	DFID	\$157.400	\$0	\$157.400
Miscellaneous 14	MOFEM	Ongoing	EU	\$1,219,600	\$544,794	\$674,806
Total	101211	Olibonip	20	\$1,377,000	\$544,794	\$832,206
DFID				\$157,400	\$0	\$157,400
GOM				\$137,400 \$0	\$0	\$137,400
EU				\$1,219,600	\$544,794	\$674,806
EU				\$1,219,600	\$544,79 <b>4</b>	\$674,806
		Child Protect				
Child Safeguarding and Protection	MOHSS	Ongoing	UNICEF	\$21,300	\$14,406	\$6,894
Total				\$21,300	\$14,406	\$6,894
UNICEF				\$21,300	\$14,406	\$6,894

Financier	Budget	Expenditure	Balance
DFID	\$30,195,650	\$8,772,501	\$21,423,149
EU	\$14,516,000	\$4,458,380	\$10,057,620
CDB	\$617,100	\$284,549	\$332,551
OTEP	\$0	\$0	\$0
DARWIN	\$170,700	\$159,181	\$11,519
UNICEF	\$42,000	\$31,256	\$10,744
UNECLAC	\$0	\$0	\$0
GOM	\$1,337,239	\$1,337,145	\$94
Total	\$46,878,689	\$15,043,012	\$31,835,677